

## MALTA SCHOOL DISTRICT

**R = required**

### 3000 SERIES STUDENTS

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## Malta School District

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#### Entrance, Placement, and Transfer

##### Entrance, Date, and Age

The trustees will enroll a child in kindergarten or in first grade whose fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) or sixth (6<sup>th</sup>) birthday occurs on or before the tenth (10<sup>th</sup>) day of September of the school year in which the child is to enroll but is not yet 19 years of age. Parents may request a waiver of the age requirement. All waivers are granted in the sole discretion of the District. A child who meets the requirement of being six (6) years old, but who has not completed a kindergarten program, will be tested and placed at the discretion of the administration. The District requires proof of identity and an immunization record for every child to be admitted to District schools. The trustees may at their discretion assign and admit a child to a school in the district who is under 6 years of age or an adult who is 19 years of age or older if there are exceptional circumstances that merit waiving the age provision.

##### School Entrance

1. The District requires that a student's parents, legal guardian, or legal custodian present proof of identity of the child<sup>1</sup> to the school within forty (40) days of enrollment, as well as proof of residence in the District. Students who are not residents of the District may apply for admission pursuant to Policy 3141.
2. To be admitted to District schools, in accordance with the Montana Immunization Law, a child must have been immunized against varicella, diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, rubella, mumps, and measles in the manner and with immunizing agents approved by the department. Immunizations may not be required if a child qualifies for conditional attendance or an exemption is filed as provided by Montana law.
3. The above requirements are not to serve as barriers to immediate enrollment of students designated as homeless or foster children as required by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) and the McKinney-Vento Act as amended by ESSA. The District shall work with the local child welfare agency, the school last attended, or other relevant agencies to obtain necessary enrollment documentation.

##### Placement

The District goal is to place students at levels and in settings that will increase the probability of student success. Developmental testing, together with other relevant criteria, including but not limited to health, maturity, emotional stability, and developmental disabilities, may be considered in the placement of all students. Final disposition of all placement decisions rests with the principal, subject to review by the Superintendent or the Board.

1 For the purposes of this section "proof of identity" means a certified copy of a birth certificate, a certified transcript or similar student records from the previous school, or any documentary evidence that a school district considers to be satisfactory proof of identity. 44-2-511(6)(a), MCA

## Transfer

District policies regulating the enrollment of students from other accredited elementary and secondary schools are designed to protect the educational welfare of children.

Elementary Grades (K-8): A student transferring into the District will be admitted and placed subject to observation by appropriate teachers and a building principal during a probation period of two (2) weeks. Thereafter, should doubt arise as to initial grade and level placement of a student, school personnel will conduct an educational assessment to determine appropriate grade and level placement.

Secondary Grades (9-12) Credit Transfer: A transfer of credits from any secondary school is subject to a satisfactory examination of the following:

1. Appropriate certificates of school accreditation;
2. Length of course, school day, and school year;
3. Content of applicable courses;
4. School building as it relates to credit earned (i.e., lab areas for appropriate science or vocational instruction);
5. Appropriate evaluation of student performance leading toward credit issuance.

The District will follow Montana Accreditation Rules and Standards, along with local alternate procedures for earning credit, in reviewing requests for transfer of credits. High school principals have authority for approving credit transfers, subject to review by the Superintendent or the Board.

### Legal Reference:

§ 20-5-101, MCA	Admittance of child to school
§ 20-5-403, MCA	Immunization required – release and acceptance of immunization records
§ 20-5-404, MCA	Conditional attendance
§ 20-5-405, MCA	Medical or religious exemption
§ 20-5-406, MCA	Immunization record
§ 44-2-511, MCA	School enrollment procedure
10.16.3122, ARM	Local Educational Agency Responsibility For Students with Disabilities
10.55.601, et seq., ARM	Accreditation Standards: Procedures

### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2017  
Reviewed on: July 7, 2010  
Revised on: August 9, 2017

STUDENTS

Compulsory Attendance

To reach the goal of maximum educational benefits for every child requires a regular continuity of instruction, classroom participation, learning experiences, and study. Regular interaction of students with one another in classrooms and their participation in instructional activities under the tutelage of competent teachers are vital to the entire process of education. This established principle of education underlies and gives purpose to the requirement of compulsory schooling in every state in the nation. A student’s regular attendance also reflects dependability and is a significant component of a student’s permanent record.

Parents or legal guardians or legal custodians are responsible for seeing that their children who are age seven (7) or older before the first (1<sup>st</sup>) day of school attend school until the later of the following dates:

1. Child’s sixteenth (16<sup>th</sup>) birthday; or
2. Completion date of the work of eighth (8<sup>th</sup>) grade.

The provisions above do not apply in the following cases:

- (a) The child has been excused under one of the conditions specified in 20-5-102.
- (b) The child is absent because of illness, bereavement, or other reason prescribed by the policies of the trustees.
- (c) The child has been suspended or expelled under the provisions of 20-5-202.

Compulsory attendance stated above will not apply when children:

1. Are provided with supervised correspondence or home study; or
2. Are excused because of a determination by a district judge that attendance is not in the best interests of the child; or
3. Are enrolled in a non-public or home school; or
4. Are enrolled in a school in another district or state; or
5. Are excused by the Board on a determination that attendance after age of sixteen (16) is not in the best interests of the child and the school.

Legal Reference:	§ 20-1-308, MCA	Religious instruction released time program
	§ 20-5-101, MCA	Admittance of child to school
	§ 20-5-102, MCA	<i>Compulsory enrollment and excuses</i>
	§ 20-5-103, MCA	Compulsory attendance and excuses
	§ 20-5-104, MCA	Attendance officer
	§ 20-5-106, MCA	Truancy
	§ 20-5-107, MCA	Incapacitated and indigent child attendance
	§ 20-5-108, MCA	Tribal agreement with district for Indian child compulsory attendance and other agreements
	§ 20-5-202, MCA	<i>Suspension and Expulsion</i>

Policy History:

- Adopted on: August 2, 2005  
 Reviewed on:  
 Revised on: August 8, 2012

## Malta School District

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#### Enrollment and Attendance Records

Since accurate enrollment and attendance records are essential both to obtain state financial reimbursement and to fulfill the District's responsibilities under the attendance laws, staff shall be diligent in maintaining such records.

A district may only include, for ANB purposes, an enrolled student who is:

- A resident of the district or a nonresident student admitted by trustees under a student attendance agreement and who is attending a school of the district;
- Unable to attend school due to a medical reason certified by a medical doctor and receiving individualized educational services supervised by the district, at district expense, at a home or facility that does not offer an educational program;
- Unable to attend school due to the student's incarceration in a facility, other than a youth detention center, and who is receiving individualized educational services supervised by the district, at district expense, at a home or facility that does not offer an educational program;
- Living with a caretaker relative under § 1-1-215, MCA;
- Receiving special education and related services, other than day treatment, under a placement by the trustees at a private nonsectarian school or private program if the student's services are provided at the district's expense under an approved individual education plan supervised by the district;
- Participating in the Running Start Program at district expense under § 20-9-706, MCA;
- Receiving education services, provided by the district, using appropriately licensed district staff at a private residential program or private residential facility licensed by the Department of Public Health and Human Services;
- Enrolled in an educational program or course provided at district expense using electronic or offsite delivery methods, including but not limited to tutoring, distance learning programs, online programs, and technology delivered learning programs, while attending a school of the district or any other nonsectarian offsite instructional setting with the approval of the trustees of the district; or
- A resident of the district attending a Montana job corps program under an interlocal agreement with the district under § 20-9-707, MCA.

- A resident of the district attending a Montana Youth Challenge Program under an interlocal agreement with the district under § 20-9-707, MCA.

In order for a student who is served through distance learning or offsite delivery methods to be included in the calculation of average number belonging, the student must meet the residency requirements for that district; live in the district, and must be eligible for educational services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act or under 29 U.S.C. 794; or attend school in the district under a mandatory attendance agreement as provided in § 20-9-707, MCA.

#### Homeless Youth and Foster Children

Assignment to schools shall be subject to modification when federal law applicable to students placed in foster care or students who are homeless requires that such students be educated in a “school of origin” that differs from the assigned school.

Legal Reference:	§ 1-1-215, MCA	Residence – rules for determining
	§ 20-9-311, MCA	Calculation of average number belonging (ANB) -- three-year averaging.
	§ 20-9-706, MCA	Running start program – authorizing class credits at postsecondary institution – eligibility – payment for credits
	§ 20-9-707, MCA	Agreement with Montana youth challenge program or accredited Montana job corps program
	29 U.S.C. 794	Nondiscrimination under Federal grants and programs
	34 CFR 300.1, et seq.	Assistance to states for the education of children with disabilities

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on: July 13, 2016

Revised on: August 9, 2017

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3122

#### Attendance Policy

To reach the goal of maximum educational benefits for each child requires a regular continuity of instruction, classroom participation, learning experiences, and study. Regular interaction of students with one another in the classroom and their participation in instructional activities under the tutelage of competent teachers are vital to the entire process of education. This established principle of education underlies and gives purpose to the requirement of compulsory schooling in every state in the nation. The good things schools have to offer can only be presented to students in attendance.

A student's regular school attendance also reflects dependability and is a significant component on a student's permanent record. Future employers are as much concerned about punctuality and dependability as they are about academic record. School success, scholarship, and job opportunity are greatly affected by a good attendance record.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

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#### Attendance Policy

Students are expected to attend all assigned classes each day. Teachers shall keep a record of absence and tardiness. Before the end of the school day, each school shall attempt to contact every parent, guardian, or custodian whose child is absent from school but who has not reported the child as absent for the school day, to determine whether the parent, guardian, or custodian is aware of the child's absence from school.

The following are valid excuses for absence and tardiness. Students are normally allowed two (2) days for each excused day missed to complete and hand in their makeup work. Students with an unexcused absence may receive zeros (-0-) on missed work. Any student who knows of a test upon return from an absence is required to take the test.

1. Illness;
2. Appointment which can't be controlled, i.e., doctor, law, etc.;
3. Death in the family;
4. School-sponsored activities;
5. Justifiable and parent approved, i.e., necessary help or work at home.
6. Truancy cannot be justified by parental signature.

#### Excessive Absences

Regular attendance on the part of the student is essential, if the continuity of the learning process is to be maintained. The policy on excessive absenteeism per semester is as follows:

1. On a student's fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) excused absence or second (2<sup>nd</sup>) unexcused absence from a particular class, the parent/guardian will be notified.
2. Medical appointments are excluded, although documentation is necessary.
3. When a student has more than seven (7) excused or three (3) unexcused absences from a given class, the principal will review the absence report and determine if the student will have his/her credit withheld.

Extended illness or health condition - If a student is confined to home or hospital for an extended period, the school shall arrange for the accomplishment of assignments at the place of confinement whenever practicable. If the student is unable to do his/her schoolwork, or if there are major requirements of a particular course which cannot be accomplished outside of class, the student may be required to take an incomplete or withdraw from the class without penalty.

Excused absence for chronic health condition - Students with a chronic health condition which interrupts regular attendance may qualify for placement in a limited attendance and participation program. The student and his/her parent shall apply to the principal or counselor, and a limited

program shall be written following the advice and recommendations of the student's medical advisor. The recommended limited program shall be approved by the principal. Staff shall be informed of the student's needs, though the confidentiality of medical information shall be respected at the parent's request. Absence verified by a medical practitioner may be sufficient justification for home instruction.

### Unexcused Absences

1. Each unexcused absence shall be followed by a warning letter to the parent of the student. A student's grade shall not be affected if no graded activity is missed during such an absence.
2. When a student evidences repeated truancies, a conference shall be held among the parent, student, and principal. At such a conference, the principal, student, and parent shall consider adjusting the student's program or transferring the student to another school or engaging in family counseling.
3. If the above action fails to correct the truancy problem, the student shall be declared an habitual truant. The attendance administrator shall interview the student and his/her family and prescribe corrective action, which may include suspension for the current semester, expulsion, and/or filing a complaint against the parent, guardian, or other person responsible for the care of the child, in a court of competent jurisdiction. A student who has been expelled for attendance violations may petition the Board for reinstatement. Such petition may be granted upon presentation of a firm and unequivocal commitment to maintain regular attendance.

Students are expected to be in class on time. When a student's tardiness becomes frequent or disruptive, the student shall be referred to the principal or counselor. If counseling, parent conference, or disciplinary action is ineffective in changing the student's attendance behavior, he/ she may be suspended from the class.

All sanctions imposed for failure to comply with the attendance policies and procedures shall be implemented in conformance with state and district regulations regarding corrective action or punishment.

### Procedure History:

Promulgated on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

Attendance Policy - Truancy

Students are expected to attend all assigned classes each day. Teachers shall keep a record of absence and tardiness. Before the end of the school day, each school shall attempt to contact every parent, guardian, or custodian whose child is absent from school but who has not reported the child as absent for the school day, to determine whether the parent, guardian, or custodian is aware of the child’s absence from school.

For the purpose of this policy “truant” or “truancy” means the persistent non-attendance without excuse, as defined by this policy, for all or any part of a school day equivalent to the length of one class period of a child required to attend a school under 20-5-103. “Habitual truancy” means recorded unexcused absences of 9 or more days or 54 or more parts of a day, whichever is less, in 1 school year.

The Malta school district’s definition of non-attendance without excuse is stated in the respective student handbooks.

The Malta School district has appointed Kris Kuehn, Superintendent, as the attendance officer of the district.

Upon the board designating one or more of its staff as the attendance officer(s), the attendance officer(s) shall have the powers and duties as stated in 20-5-105(1) (Section 2), MCA.

Legal Reference:	§ 20-5-103, MCA	Compulsory attendance and excuses
	§ 20-5-104, MCA	Attendance officer
	§ 20-5-105, MCA	Attendance officer – powers and duties
	§ 20-5-106, MCA	Truancy
	§ 20-5-107, MCA	Incapacitated and indigent child attendance
	§ 41-5-103(22), MCA	Definitions

Procedure History:

Promulgated on: July 15, 2013

Reviewed on:

Revised on:

**STUDENTS**

Education of Homeless Children

Every child of a homeless individual and every homeless child are entitled to equal access to the same free, appropriate public education as provided to children with permanent housing. The District must assign and admit a child who is homeless to a District school regardless of residence and irrespective of whether the homeless child is able to produce records normally required for enrollment. The District may not require an out-of-District attendance agreement and tuition for a homeless child.

Should a child become homeless over the course of the school year, the child must be able to remain at the school of origin, or be eligible to attend another school in the district.

The Superintendent will review and revise as necessary rules or procedures that may be barriers to enrollment of homeless children and youths. In reviewing and revising such procedures, the Superintendent will consider issues of transportation, immunization, residence, birth certificates, school records, and other documentation.

Homeless students will have access to services comparable those offered to other students, including but not limited to:

1. Transportation services;
2. Educational services for which a student meets eligibility criteria (e.g., Title I);
3. Educational programs for children with disabilities and limited English proficiency;
4. Programs in vocational and technical education;
5. Programs for gifted and talented students; and
6. School nutrition program.

The Superintendent will give special attention to ensuring the enrollment and attendance of homeless children and youths not currently attending school. The Superintendent will appoint a liaison for homeless children.

A “homeless individual” is defined as provided in the McKinney Homeless Assistance Act. Anyone having a concern or complaint regarding placement or education of a homeless child will first present it orally and informally to the District homeless liaison. Thereafter, a written complaint must be filed in accordance with the District Uniform Complaint Procedure.

Cross Reference: 1700 Uniform Complaint Procedure  
3125F McKinney-Vento Homeless Educational Assistance Dispute Resolution Form

Legal Reference: 42 U.S.C. §§42 U.S.C. § 11301 *et seq* 11431, *et seq.*  
McKinney Homeless Assistance Act  
§ 20-5-101, MCA Admittance of child to school

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005  
Reviewed on: August 9, 2017  
Revised on:

**Malta School District**

**STUDENTS**

3125F

**MCKINNEY-VENTO HOMELESS EDUCATION ASSISTANCE  
DISPUTE RESOLUTION FORM**

School District \_\_\_\_\_ Liaison \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone \_\_\_\_\_

Date of first contact by homeless individual, guardian, or representative \_\_\_\_\_

Homeless Student's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Describe the issue(s) in question \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

School District Contact \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone \_\_\_\_\_  
(Superintendent/Principal)

Date \_\_\_\_\_ (within 7 business days)  
Resolution of Liaison/School District Level (*describe below*) \_\_\_\_\_ or  
Forwarded to OPI Homeless Coordinator [*please contact at (406) 444-2036*] \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ (within 15 business days)  
Resolution to OPI Homeless Coordinator Level (*describe below*) \_\_\_\_\_ or  
Forwarded to Superintendent of Public Instruction \_\_\_\_\_

Describe Resolution Results \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Homeless Coordinator Signature \_\_\_\_\_

This form must be filed with  
Heather Denny  
Homeless Coordinator  
Office of Public Instruction  
Po Box 202501  
Helena, MT 59620-2501

Adopted on: August 2, 2005  
Reviewed on: August 9, 2017

## **Malta School District**

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#### Students of Legal Age

Every student eighteen (18) years of age or older will be deemed to be an adult and will have legal capacity to act as such. Such students, like all other students, will comply with the rules established by the District, pursue the prescribed course of study, and submit to the authority of teachers and other staff members as required by policy and state law.

#### Admission to School

The residence of an adult student who is not residing with a parent or guardian will be considered the residence for school purposes.

#### Field Trips/Athletic Programs

Approved forms for participation will be required of all students. The form should indicate that the signature is that of the parent or the adult student. Sponsors or coaches will be required to confirm the ages of those students signing their own forms.

#### Absence/Lateness/Tuancy

Absence notes, normally signed by parents or guardians, may be signed by adult students. Excessive absences will result in consequences according to policy 3122P and will be reported on the report card.

#### Suspension/Expulsion

All suspension and/or expulsion proceedings will conform to the requirements of state statutes. Notification of all such proceedings will be sent to parents or guardians. Adult students, however, are permitted to represent themselves if they so choose.

#### Withdrawal from School

Adult students may withdraw from school under their own cognizance. Counselors will guide and counsel potential dropouts and encourage their continued attendance. Parents will be notified of impending dropouts by the school.

#### Permission to Inspect Student Records

Adult students may request permission to inspect their school records if they are eligible students according to FERPA.

### Report Cards

Progress reports will be sent to the parent or legal guardian.

### Excuses from School

The school will verify requests from students who wish to leave school early for reasons such as job interviews, college visits, driver testing, etc., with the organization being visited. Permission to leave school early may be denied for what is considered a non-valid reason.

### Financial Responsibility

Students of legal age can be held financially responsible for damage to school property.

### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

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#### Discretionary Nonresident Student Attendance Policy

The Board, recognizing that its resident students need an orderly educational process and environment, free from disruption, overcrowding, and any kind of violence or disruptive influences, hereby establishes criteria for the discretionary admission of nonresident students.

1. Except as required by § 20-5-321, MCA, the District will admit nonresident students at its discretion. As such, the District will screen all nonresident students and consider only those who meet the criteria set forth in this policy.
2. The Superintendent will recommend to the Board any nonresident student admission in accordance with this policy, with the Board making the final decision on admission.
3. Usually, nonresident students who do not qualify for mandatory attendance will not be admitted to District schools. Exceptions are foreign exchange students, under Policy 3145, and children in the immediate family of nonresident District employees. The District, at its discretion, also may consider for admission other nonresident students. The District will provide no services for home-school students unless federally mandated.
4. The District will examine a student's records from previous school districts before any Board approval for admission.
5. The District has the option of accepting a nonresident student who does not meet the criteria set forth by the administration, if the student agrees to special conditions of admission as set forth by the District.
6. Every nonresident student who attends District schools must reapply for admission for the succeeding school year by June 15. Admission in one school year does not infer or guarantee admission in subsequent years.
7. The District will not admit nonresident students when doing so would require hiring additional staff or providing educational services not currently offered or would create crowding of existing classes.
8. All resident students who become nonresidents because their parents or guardians move out of the District may continue attendance for the semester, barring registration in another District. At the completion of the semester, a student must apply as a nonresident student.
9. The Board reserves the right to charge tuition for nonresident students. At its discretion, the Board may charge or waive tuition for all students whose tuition is required to be paid

by one kind of entity, defined as either a parent or guardian or a school district. Any waiver of tuition will be applied equally to all students whose tuition is paid by the same kind of entity (i.e., if the District charges tuition in those circumstances where a resident district pays but waives tuition in those circumstances where a parent or guardian is responsible for tuition, the tuition waiver will be applicable to all students whose parents or guardians bear the responsibility for payment).

10. All nonresident students will be considered ineligible transportees for school transportation services (§ 20-10-101, MCA).
11. The Board may declare an emergency which, in its opinion, necessitates the removal of all nonresident students from District schools.
12. The Board may not admit any student who is expelled from another school district.

Legal Reference:	§ 20-5-314, MCA	Reciprocal attendance agreement with adjoining State or province
	§ 20-5-320, MCA	Attendance with discretionary approval
	§ 20-5-321, MCA	Attendance with mandatory approval – tuition and transportation
	§ 20-5-322, MCA	Residency determination – notification – appeal for attendance agreement
	§ 20-5-323, MCA	Tuition and transportation rates
	10.10.301B, ARM	Out-of-District Attendance Agreements

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3145

#### Foreign Exchange Students

It is the policy of the Board to recognize the benefits from foreign exchange students in the District. The Board does not, however, sponsor foreign exchange programs or provide financial contributions to any foreign exchange students. The Board assumes no responsibility or control over items such as travel, living accommodations, funding, insurance, etc., which remain the responsibility of the sponsor and/or student.

J-1 visa holders (students sponsored by an approved foreign exchange organization) are eligible to attend either elementary or secondary school. Any sponsoring organization must have a local representative, be a nonprofit organization, and be approved by the Council on Standards for International Education Travel.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. 221, et seq.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

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#### Foreign Exchange Students

##### Admission Requirements

1. Foreign exchange students must be eighteen (18) years of age or younger at the time of enrollment.
2. Foreign exchange students must reside with a legal resident of the District. Limited exceptions may be granted at the discretion of the Board.

##### Academic Standards and Graduation

1. Foreign exchange students will be expected to meet all appropriate standards required of any student enrolled in the District.
2. Foreign exchange students will not graduate from or receive a diploma from the High School, but they may participate in the ceremonies and receive a certificate of attendance.

##### Student Opportunities/Responsibilities

1. Foreign exchange students will be expected to enroll in the following academic classes while attending Malta High School:
  1. One (1) English class;
  2. One (1) United States history class or one (1) government class;
  3. Maintain enrollment in at least six (6) classes.
2. Foreign exchange students are eligible to participate in the High School Activities Program. Guidelines for participation are set by District policy and by the Montana High School Association, as follows:
  1. **RECOGNITION.** The student must be a participant of an “official Foreign Exchange Program” as defined in the publication from the National Association of Secondary School Principals, entitled, “Advisory List of International Educational Travel and Exchange Programs”.
  2. **GRADUATION.** The student cannot have graduated or received a diploma in his/her own country.

3. Foreign exchange students are expected to pay all yearbook fees, lab fees, prom tickets, yearbook costs, athletic fees, cap and gown fees, lunch prices, and all other school incurred expenses that are expected of other students enrolled in the High School.
4. Foreign exchange students must maintain passing grades in all classes, follow rules and regulations of District student policies, and show satisfactory discipline and attendance. Failure to comply with these expectations may result in dismissal of the student from the District's Foreign Exchange Program.

Procedure History:

Promulgated on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

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3150

#### Part-Time Attendance

The District will not accept students eligible to enroll in grades K-8 on a part-time basis unless they are disabled. The District will review requests for part-time enrollment of grades 9-12 students on a case-by-case basis, with a building principal making a final decision. The District will consider only those students who are not enrolled in any other school, including a home school.

Criteria for accepting students grades 9-12 for part-time enrollment are the following:

1. Accepting a student will not create excess student enrollment in a requested class;
2. Accepting a student will not create need for an additional staff member;
3. Accepting a student will not cause a new section of a course to be created.

The District will accept on a first-come, first-serve basis students wishing to enroll in the same course. Whenever the enrollment position of a part-time student is needed for a regular, full-time student during the year, a full-time student has priority for the position beginning with the next semester.

Legal Reference: § 20-9-311(a), MCA Calculation of average number belonging (ANB)

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

3200

#### Student Rights and Responsibilities

The District recognizes fully that all students are entitled to enjoy the rights protected under federal and state constitutions and law for persons of their age and maturity in a school setting. The District expects students to exercise these rights reasonably and to avoid violating the rights of others. The District may impose disciplinary measures whenever students violate the rights of others or violate District policies or rules.

Cross Reference:    3231   Searches and Seizure  
                          3310   Student Discipline

Legal Reference:    § 20-4-302, MCA    Discipline and punishment of pupils – definition of corporal punishment  
                          § 20-5-201, MCA    Duties and sanctions  
                          *Tinker v. Des Moines Ind. Sch. Dist.*, 89 S.Ct. 733 (1969)

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:



## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3221

#### Student Publications

Student publications produced as part of the school's curriculum or with the support of student body funds are intended to serve both as vehicles for instruction and student communications. They are operated and substantively financed by the student body and the District.

Material appearing in such publications should reflect all areas of student interest, including topics about which there may be controversy and dissent. Controversial issues may be presented provided they are treated in depth and represent a variety of viewpoints. Such materials may not be libelous, obscene, or profane nor may they cause a substantial disruption of the school, invade the privacy rights of others, demean any race, religion, gender, or ethnic group, or advocate the violation of the law. They may not advertise tobacco, nicotine, liquor, illicit drugs or drug paraphernalia.

The Superintendent shall develop guidelines to implement these standards and shall establish procedures for the prompt review of any materials which appear not to comply with the standards.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on:

Revised on: July 7, 2010

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3222

#### Distribution and Posting of Materials

District policy allows distribution of materials of parent and student organizations sponsored by the District or other governmental agencies. The District also may allow distribution of materials that provide information valued or needed by the District.

The building principal must approve all materials before they may be distributed by any organization.

To facilitate the distribution of materials with information about student activities, each school may maintain a centrally located bulletin board for the posting of materials, and/or maintain a table available to students for placing approved materials.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3224

#### Student Dress

The District recognizes that a student's choice of dress and grooming habits demonstrate personal style and preference. The District has the responsibility to ensure proper and appropriate conditions for learning, along with protecting the health and safety of its student body. Even though the schools will allow a wide variety of clothing styles, dress and grooming must not materially or substantially disrupt the educational process of the school or create a health or safety hazard for students, staff, or others.

Building administrators shall establish procedures for the monitoring of student dress and grooming in school or while engaging in extracurricular activities. Specific regulations shall be published annually in student handbooks.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**STUDENTS**

Sexual Harassment/Intimidation of Students

Sexual harassment is a form of sex discrimination and is prohibited. An employee, District agent, or student engages in sexual harassment whenever that individual makes unwelcome advances, requests sexual favors, or engages in other verbal, non-verbal, or physical conduct of a sexual or sex-based nature, imposed on the basis of sex, that:

1. Denies or limits the provision of educational aid, benefits, services, opportunities, or treatment, or that makes such conduct a condition of a student's academic status; or
2. Has the purpose or effect of:
  - a. Substantially interfering with a student's educational environment;
  - b. Creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment;
  - c. Depriving a student of educational aid, benefits, services, opportunities, or treatment; or
  - d. Making submission to or rejection of such unwelcome conduct the basis for academic decisions affecting a student.

The terms "intimidating," "hostile," and "offensive" include conduct that has the effect of humiliation, embarrassment, or discomfort. Examples of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to, unwelcome touching, crude jokes or pictures, discussions of sexual experiences, pressure for sexual activity, intimidation by words, actions, insults, or name calling, teasing related to sexual characteristics, and spreading rumors related to a person's alleged sexual activities.

Students who believe that they may have been sexually harassed or intimidated should consult a counselor, teacher, Title IX coordinator, or administrator, who will assist them in a complaint process. Supervisors or teachers who knowingly condone or fail to report or assist a student to take action to remediate such behavior of sexual harassment or intimidation may themselves be subject to discipline.

Any District employee who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge. Any student of the District who is determined, after an investigation, to have engaged in sexual harassment will be subject to disciplinary action, including, but not limited to, suspension and expulsion consistent with the District's discipline policy. Any person who knowingly makes a false accusation regarding sexual harassment likewise will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including discharge with regard to employees or suspension and expulsion with regard to students.

The District will make every effort to ensure that employees or students accused of sexual harassment or intimidation are given an appropriate opportunity to defend themselves against such accusations.

To the greatest extent possible, the District will treat complaints in a confidential manner. The District realizes that limited disclosure may be necessary in order to complete a thorough investigation. Retaliation against persons who file a complaint is a violation of law prohibiting discrimination and will lead to disciplinary action against an offender.

Any individual seeking further information should consult the Superintendent for the name of the current Title IX Coordinator for the District. The Superintendent will ensure that student and employee handbooks include the name, address, and telephone number of an individual responsible for coordinating District compliance efforts.

An individual with a complaint alleging a violation of this policy should follow the Uniform Complaint Procedure.

Cross Reference: 1700 Uniform Complaint Procedure

Legal References: Art. X, Sec. 1, Montana Constitution  
§§ 49-3-101, et seq., MCA Montana Human Rights Act  
Title IX of the Educational Amendments, 20 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq.  
34 CFR Part 106

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

STUDENTS

Bullying/Harassment/Intimidation/Hazing

The Board will strive to provide a positive and productive learning and working environment. Bullying, harassment, intimidation, or hazing, by students, staff, or third parties, is strictly prohibited and shall not be tolerated. This includes bullying, harassment, or intimidation via electronic communication devices (“cyberbullying”).

Definitions

1. “Third parties” include but are not limited to coaches, school volunteers, parents, school visitors, service contractors or others engaged in District business, such as employees of businesses or organizations participating in cooperative work programs with the District, and others not directly subject to District control at inter-district and intra-District athletic competitions or other school events.
2. “District” includes District facilities, District premises, and non-District property if the student or employee is at any District-sponsored, District-approved, or District-related activity or function, such as field trips or athletic events, where students are under the control of the District or where the employee is engaged in District business.
3. “Hazing” includes but is not limited to any act that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health or safety of a student for the purpose of initiation or as a condition or precondition of attaining membership in or affiliation with any District-sponsored activity or grade-level attainment, including but not limited to forced consumption of any drink, alcoholic beverage, drug, or controlled substance, forced exposure to the elements, forced prolonged exclusion from social contact, sleep deprivation, or any other forced activity that could adversely affect the mental or physical health or safety of a student; requires, encourages, authorizes, or permits another to be subject to wearing or carrying any obscene or physically burdensome article, assignment of pranks to be performed, or other such activities intended to degrade or humiliate.
4. “Harassment, intimidation, or bullying” means any act that substantially interferes with a student’s educational benefits, opportunities, or performance, that takes place on or immediately adjacent to school grounds, at any school-sponsored activity, on school-provided transportation, at any official school bus stop, or anywhere conduct may reasonably be considered to be a threat or an attempted intimidation of a student or staff member or an interference with school purposes or an educational function, and that has the effect of:
  - a. Physically harming a student or damaging a student’s property;
  - b. Knowingly placing a student in reasonable fear of physical harm to the student or damage to the student’s property.
  - c. Creating a hostile educational environment.

5. “Electronic communication device” means any mode of electronic communication, including, but not limited to, computers, cell phones, PDAs, or the internet.

### Reporting

All complaints about behavior that may violate this policy shall be promptly investigated. Any student, employee, or third party who has knowledge of conduct in violation of this policy or feels he/she has been a victim of hazing, harassment, intimidation, or bullying in violation of this policy is encouraged to immediately report his/her concerns to the building principal or the District Administrator, who have overall responsibility for such investigations. A student may also report concerns to a teacher or counselor, who will be responsible for notifying the appropriate District official. Complaints against the building principal shall be filed with the Superintendent. Complaints against the Superintendent or District Administrator shall be filed with the Board.

The complainant shall be notified of the findings of the investigation and, as appropriate, that remedial action has been taken.

### Responsibilities

The District Administrator shall be responsible for ensuring notice of this policy is provided to students, staff, and third parties and for the development of administrative regulations, including reporting and investigative procedures, as needed.

### Consequences

Students whose behavior is found to be in violation of this policy will be subject to discipline up to and including expulsion. Staff whose behavior is found to be in violation of this policy will be subject to discipline up to and including dismissal. Third parties whose behavior is found to be in violation of this policy shall be subject to appropriate sanctions as determined and imposed by the District Administrator or the Board. Individuals may also be referred to law enforcement officials.

### Retaliation and Reprisal

Retaliation is prohibited against any person who reports or is thought to have reported a violation, files a complaint, or otherwise participates in an investigation or inquiry. Such retaliation shall be considered a serious violation of Board policy, whether or not a complaint is substantiated. False charges shall also be regarded as a serious offense and will result in disciplinary action or other appropriate sanctions.

Cross Reference: 3225F Harassment Reporting Form for Students

Legal Reference: 10.55.701(1)(g), ARM Board of Trustees  
10.55.801(1)(d), ARM School Climate

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on:

Revised on: August 13, 2009

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3231  
page 1 of 2

#### Searches and Seizure

The goal of search and seizure with respect to students is meeting the educational needs of children and ensuring their security. The objective of any search and/or seizure is not the eradication of crime in the community. Searches may be carried out to recover stolen property, to detect illegal substances or weapons, or to uncover any matter reasonably believed to be a threat to the maintenance of an orderly educational environment. The Board authorizes school authorities to conduct reasonable searches of school property and equipment, as well as of students and their personal effects, to maintain order and security in the schools.

The search of a student, by authorized school authorities, is reasonable if it is both: (1) justified at its inception, and (2) reasonably related in scope to the circumstances which justified the interference in the first place.

School authorities are authorized to utilize any reasonable means of conducting searches, including but not limited to the following:

1. A “pat down” of the exterior of the student’s clothing;
2. A search of the student’s clothing, including pockets;
3. A search of any container or object used by, belonging to, or otherwise in the possession or control of a student; and/or
4. Devices or tools such as breath-test instruments, saliva test strips, etc.

#### School Property and Equipment and Personal Effects of Students

School authorities may inspect and search school property and equipment owned or controlled by the District (such as lockers, desks, and parking lots).

The Superintendent may request the assistance of law enforcement officials, including their use of specially trained dogs, to conduct inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment for illegal drugs, weapons, or other illegal or dangerous substances or material.

#### Students

School officials may search any individual student, his/her property, or District property

under his/her control, when there is a reasonable suspicion that the search will uncover evidence that he/she is violating the law, Board policy, administrative regulation, or other rules of the District or the school. Reasonable suspicion shall be based on specific and objective facts that the search will produce evidence related to the alleged violation. The types of student property that may be searched by school officials include but are not limited to lockers, desks, purses, backpacks, student vehicles parked on District property, cellular phones, or other electronic communication devices.

Students may not use, transport, carry, or possess illegal drugs or any weapons in their vehicles on school property. While on school property, vehicles may be inspected at any time by staff, or by contractors employed by the District utilizing trained dogs, for the presence of illegal drugs, drug paraphernalia, or weapons. In the event the school has reason to believe that drugs, drug paraphernalia, or weapons are present, including by alert-trained dogs, the student's vehicle will be searched, and the student expressly consents to such a search.

Also, by parking in the school parking lots, the student consents to having his/her vehicle searched if the school authorities have any other reasonable suspicion to believe that a violation of school rules or policy has occurred.

#### Seizure of Property

When a search produces evidence that a student has violated or is violating either a law or District policies or rules, such evidence may be seized and impounded by school authorities and disciplinary action may be taken. As appropriate, such evidence may be transferred to law enforcement authorities.

Legal Reference:        *Redding v. Safford Unified School District*, 504 F.3d 828, 2007 WL 2743594 (C.A. 9 (Ariz.))  
                              *Terry v. Ohio*, 392 U.S. 1, 20 (1968)  
                              ***B.C. v. Plumas*, (9th Cir. 1999) 192 F.3d 1260**

#### Policy History:

Adopted on:                October 11, 2006  
Reviewed on:  
Revised on:                August 13, 2009

### Harassment Reporting Form for Students

School \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Student's name \_\_\_\_\_

*(If you feel uncomfortable leaving your name, you may submit an anonymous report, but please understand that an anonymous report will be much more difficult to investigate. We assure you that we'll use our best efforts to keep your report confidential.)*

▶ Who was responsible for the harassment or incident(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

▶ Describe the incident(s). \_\_\_\_\_

▶ Date(s), time(s), and place(s) the incident(s) occurred. \_\_\_\_\_

▶ Were other individuals involved in the incident(s)?  yes  no  
If so, name the individual(s) and explain their roles. \_\_\_\_\_

▶ Did anyone witness the incident(s)?  yes  no  
If so, name the witnesses. \_\_\_\_\_

▶ Did you take any action in response to the incident?  yes  no  
If yes, what action did you take? \_\_\_\_\_

▶ Were there any prior incidents?  yes  no  
If so, describe any prior incidents. \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of complainant \_\_\_\_\_

Signatures of parents/legal guardians \_\_\_\_\_

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3231P

#### Searches and Seizure

The following rules shall apply to any searches and the seizure of any property by school personnel:

1. The Superintendent, principal, and the authorized assistants of either shall be authorized to conduct any searches or to seize property on or near school premises, as further provided in this procedure.
2. If the authorized administrator has reasonable suspicion to believe that any locker, car, or other container of any kind on school premises contains any item or substance which constitutes an imminent danger to the health and safety of any person or to the property of any person or the District, the administrator is authorized to conduct a search of any car or container and to seize any such item or substance.

The authorized administrator may perform random searches of any locker, car, or container of any kind on school premises without notice or consent.

3. If the authorized administrator has any reasonable suspicion to believe that any student has any item or substance in his/her possession, which constitutes an imminent danger to the property of any person or the District, the administrator is authorized to conduct a search of any car or container and to seize any such item or substance.
4. No student shall hinder, obstruct, or prevent any search authorized by this procedure.
5. Whenever circumstances allow, any search or seizure authorized in this procedure shall be conducted in the presence of at least one (1) adult witness, and a written record of the time, date, and results shall be made by the administrator. A copy shall be forwarded to the Superintendent as soon as possible.
6. In any instance where an item or substance is found which would appear to be in violation of the law, the circumstance shall be reported promptly to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
7. In any situation where the administrator is in doubt as to the propriety of proceeding with any search or seizure, the administrator is authorized to report to and comply with the directions of any public law enforcement agency.

#### Procedure History:

Promulgated on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

3233

#### Student Use of Buildings: Equal Access

Non-curriculum-related secondary school student organizations may conduct meetings on school premises without intervention on the basis of the religious, political, philosophical, or other content of the meeting.

The following criteria must be met:

1. The meeting is voluntary and student-initiated.
2. There is no sponsorship of the meeting by the school, the government, or its agents or employees.
3. The meeting must occur during non-instructional time on regular school days.
4. Employees or agents of the school or government are present only in a non-participatory capacity.
5. The meeting does not materially and substantially interfere with the orderly conduct of educational activities within the school.
6. Non-school persons may not direct, conduct, control, or regularly attend activities.

Although the school assumes no sponsorship of these kinds of meetings, all meetings held on school premises must be scheduled and approved by the principal.

This policy pertains to student meetings. The school has the authority, through its agent or employees, to maintain order and discipline on school premises and to protect the well-being of students and faculty.

Legal Reference: 20 U.S.C. 4071 Equal Access Act  
*Board of Education v. Mergens*, 110 S.Ct. 2356 (1990)

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3235

#### Video Surveillance

The Board authorizes the use of video cameras on District property to ensure the health, welfare, and safety of all staff, students, and visitors to District property and to safeguard District buildings, grounds, and equipment. The Superintendent will approve appropriate locations for video cameras.

The Superintendent will notify staff and students through staff and student handbooks or by other means that video surveillance may occur on District property.

The District may choose to make video recordings a part of a student's educational record or of a staff member's personnel record. The District will comply with all applicable state and federal laws related to record maintenance and retention.

Video recordings may be without sound.

Cross-Reference: 3600 Student Records

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**STUDENTS**

Suspension and Expulsion - Corrective Actions and Punishment

The Board recognizes that every student is entitled to due process rights that are provided by law.

Suspension

- “Suspension” means the exclusion of a student from attending individual classes or school and participating in school activities for an initial period not exceed ten (10) school days. An administrator may order suspension of a student.

The procedure set forth below will be followed when a proposed punishment of a student is to include denial of the right of school attendance from any single class or from a full schedule of classes for at least one (1) day.

Before any suspension is ordered, a building administrator will meet with a student to explain charges of misconduct, and the student will be given an opportunity to respond to the charges.

When a student’s presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or poses an ongoing threat of disruption to the educational process, a pre-suspension conference will not be required, and an administrator may suspend a student immediately. In such cases, a building administrator will provide notice of and schedule a conference as soon as practicable following the suspension.

A building administrator will report any suspension immediately to a student’s parent or legal guardian. An administrator will provide a written report of suspension that states reasons for a suspension, including any school rule that was violated, and a notice to a parent or guardian of the right to a review of a suspension. An administrator will send a copy of the report and notice to the Superintendent.

The Superintendent will conduct a review of any suspension on request of a parent or legal guardian. A student and parent or legal guardian may meet with the Superintendent to discuss suspension. After the meeting and after concluding a review, the Superintendent will take such final action as appropriate.

Upon a finding by a school administrator that the immediate return to school by a student would be detrimental to the health, welfare, or safety of others or would be disruptive of the educational process, a student may be suspended for one (1) additional period not to exceed ten (10) school days, if the student is granted an informal hearing with the school administrator prior to the additional suspension, and if the decision to impose the additional suspension does not violate the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) or Rehabilitation Act.

Students who are suspended from any class or from school entirely have the right to make up any work missed according to the student handbook.

Expulsion

- “Expulsion” is any removal of a student for more than twenty (20) school days without the provision of educational services. Expulsion is a disciplinary action available only to the Board.

The Board, and only the Board, may expel a student from school and may do so only after following due process procedures set forth below.

The Board will provide written notice to a student and parent or legal guardian of a hearing to consider a recommendation for expulsion, which will be sent by registered or certified mail at least five (5) school days before the date of the scheduled hearing. The notice will include time and place of hearing, information describing the process to be used to conduct the hearing, and notice that the Board intends to conduct the hearing in closed session unless a parent or legal guardian waives the student's right to privacy.

Within the limitation that a hearing must be conducted during a period of student suspension, a hearing to consider expulsion may be rescheduled when a parent or legal guardian submits a request showing good cause to the Superintendent at least two (2) school days before a hearing date as originally scheduled. The Superintendent will determine if a request shows good cause to reschedule a hearing.

The student has the right to be present for the duration of the hearing. At hearing the student may be represented by counsel and ask questions, present perspectives, and provide witnesses or documentation. The Board is not bound by formal rules of evidence in conducting the hearing.

Each school shall maintain a record of any disciplinary action that is educationally related, with explanation, taken against the student. When the Board of Trustees takes disciplinary action against a student, the Board must keep a written record of the action taken, with detailed explanation, even if the disciplinary action is decided during a closed session. A disciplinary action that is educationally related is an action that results in the expulsion or out-of-school suspension of the student. This record must be maintained/destroyed consistent with Montana Local Government Records Schedule 7, and is subject to transfer to a local educational agency, accredited school, or nonpublic school pursuant to 20-1-213, MCA.

#### Procedures for Suspension and Expulsion of Students With Disabilities

The District will comply with provisions of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and Rehabilitation Act when disciplining students. The Board will not expel any special education student when the student's particular act of gross disobedience or misconduct is a manifestation of the student's disability. The Board may expel pursuant to its expulsion procedures any special education student whose gross disobedience or misconduct is not a manifestation of the student's disability. A disabled student will continue to receive education services as provided in the IDEA or Rehabilitation Act during a period of expulsion.

A building administrator may suspend a child with a disability from the child's current placement for not more than ten (10) consecutive school days for any violation of school rules, and additional removals of not more than ten (10) consecutive school days in that same school year for separate incidents of misconduct, as long as those removals do not constitute a change of placement under 34 CFR 300.519(b), whether or not a student's gross disobedience or misconduct is a manifestation of a student's disabling condition. Any special education student who has exceeded or who will exceed ten (10) days of suspension may temporarily be excluded from school by court order or by order of a hearing officer, if the District demonstrates that maintaining the student in the student's current placement is substantially likely

to result in injury to the student or to others. After a child with a disability has been removed from his or her placement for more than ten (10) school days in the same school year, during any subsequent days of removal the public agency must provide services to the extent required under 34 CFR 300.121(d).

An administrator may remove from current placement any special education student who has carried a weapon to school or to a school function or who knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school or a school function or inflicts serious bodily injury on another person while at school on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction. A serious bodily injury is one that involves a substantial risk of death; extreme physical pain; protracted and obvious disfigurement; or protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ or faculty. The District will place such student in an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for no more than forty-five (45) school days in accordance with the IDEA or Rehabilitation Act.

Legal Reference:	20 U.S.C. 1400, et seq. 34 CFR 300.519-521 § 20-1-213, MCA § 20-4-302, MCA  § 20-4-402, MCA  § 20-5-105, MCA § 20-5-106, MCA § 20-5-201, MCA § 20-5-202, MCA ARM 10.16.3346 ARM 10.55.910 <i>Goss v. Lopez</i> , 419 US 565 (1975) Section 504 IDEA	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Procedural Safeguards Transfer of School Records Discipline and punishment of pupils –definition of corporal punishment – penalty – defense Duties of district superintendent or county high school principal Attendance officer – powers and duties Truancy Duties and sanctions Suspension and expulsion Aversive Treatment Procedures Student Discipline Records
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Procedure History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on:

Revised on: August 9, 2017

**STUDENTS**

Corrective Actions and Punishment

Discipline

**Cheating**

School personnel will not tolerate academic cheating by students, this includes plagiarism. Teachers will notify the principal if any student is believed to be involved in a cheating incident. If a student is known to have cheated the following consequences will occur:

1. First offense for cheating will result in a (0) zero on that particular assignment.
2. Additional offenses will result in a (0) zero on that particular assignment and a reduction of one complete grade for the quarter: example, a student with a 94 quarter grade is reduced to 87 or a 79 to a 71.
3. Repeated offenses, including offenses from previous years, may result in suspension.
4. Students caught cheating are not allowed extra credit to make up the grade.
5. The teacher and/or principal will notify parents of any/all cheating infractions.

**Detention Policy**

Detention takes precedence over commitments such as work, athletic practices, or any co-curricular activity. The following rules cover the detention policy of Malta High School:

1. Detention will be assigned to a student who is late to class or who is truant.
  - a. Every student will be given one (1) free tardy each quarter.
  - b. Every subsequent tardy will result in detention.
  - c. Every student will be given two (2) parental tardies per quarter, if the parent immediately calls the high school office to inform the school the student will be late. A call later in the day will not be acceptable.
  - d. For periods 2, 3, 4, 6, and 7, matters of tardiness and detention will be handled by the respective classroom teacher.
  - e. With the exception of the two (2) parental excuses, the only excuse accepted for being late the first (1<sup>st</sup>) period in the morning and the first (1<sup>st</sup>) period of the afternoon is a medical excuse from the doctor. Extenuating circumstances will be left to the discretion of the building principal.
2. A student must report to the detention room five (5) minutes after the last class bell. A student who is late to detention will not be admitted.
3. Once detention starts, a student will not be excused for any reason. If a student has more than one-half (½) hour of detention time, they must serve it in one-(1)-hour block periods.

4. A student will start fulfilling detention following the day it is assigned (e.g., if a student is assigned detention on Monday, the student will serve it on Tuesday). Once a student starts serving accumulated detention time, that student must serve all detention time on consecutive days, excluding medical reasons or emergencies so determined by the principal. A student who fails to report for an assigned detention within the allotted time will have his or her time doubled. Failure to report to detention may result in suspension, work detail, or other disciplinary measure deemed appropriate by administration.

### **Detention**

1. Any time assigned to a student which is less than thirty (30) minutes will be served with the teacher.
2. For is assigned for thirty (30) minutes or more, school personnel (or the person assigning detention) will be required to contact the parent(s) by telephone or by a form to the parent (Parent Letter).
3. If a student does not serve his/her detention time, and it goes beyond four (4) hours, the student will automatically go to ISS.
4. A student who creates a problem while serving detention will be asked to leave and assigned additional detention.
5. During detention there is to be no communication between students. Students are to work on schoolwork or other education material. They are not to sleep.
6. A student will be assigned one-half (½) hour of detention for reporting up to five (5) minutes late for class. After five (5) minutes the student will be required to serve one (1) hour of detention.
7. A student who is truant will serve two (2) hours for every class period missed. A student truant for four (4) periods will receive one (1) day of ISS. A student truant for one (1) day will receive two (2) days of ISS.

### **Consideration of Mitigating Circumstances**

School personnel will consider all aggravating or mitigating circumstances, prior to dispensing action. The aggravating and mitigating circumstances to be considered include but are not limited to:

1. Seriousness of the offense;
2. Program placement;
3. Attitude and age of the student;
4. Pattern of misconduct;
5. Degree of cooperation;

6. Other aggravating or mitigating circumstances.

### **Definitions**

The following definitions apply to disciplinary options for violations of the Code of Conduct:

**DISCIPLINARY REASSIGNMENT** is disciplinary action that may include transfer of the student to another room, program, or alternative placement for a specified period of time.

**EXPULSION** is removal of a student from the classroom and school attendance, by action of the Board, for not less than the remainder of the semester for which the student is presently enrolled. All privileges to participate in any co-curricular or extracurricular activity are revoked, when the Board directs expulsion.

**SUSPENSION** is the involuntary removal of a student from regular classes or school attendance and loss of privileges to participate in any co-curricular or extracurricular activity for the duration of the suspension.

**Each and every day** will be considered an absence and counted toward the total days of absence.

**Suspension** may occur in any of the following forms:

1. **IN-SCHOOL SUSPENSION (ISS)** means the student remains in school at a restricted, designated location for a designated period of time. (One-(1)-hour school-counseling session mandatory.)
2. **OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION – SHORT TERM (OSS-ST)** means involuntary removal of a student from school attendance for ten (10) school days or less per infraction or incident. (Two (2) one-(1)-hour school-counseling sessions mandatory.)
3. **OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSION – LONG TERM (OSS-LT)** means involuntary removal of a student from school attendance for more than ten (10) school days. (Two (2) one-(1)-hour school-counseling sessions mandatory.)

### Disciplinary Action Due Process

A student will not be deprived of a liberty or property right to attend school or participate in activities of the school community without due process of law. A student is not allowed to participate in any school event on the day of a suspension.

### **Basic Rights**

**The following procedural rights are applicable to all students:**

1. Student disciplinary action should be carried out as soon as is reasonable after facts are known. Notice and hearing should precede removal of a student from school. **However**, when a student's presence poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process, removal of the student may precede notice and hearing.
2. Students will be informed of the violation with which they are charged and potential maximum disciplinary action.
3. Students will not be required to testify against themselves.
4. Students will not be punished twice for the same incident.

**5. Suspension**

The following procedural rules will apply to a student charged with an offense for which maximum disciplinary action is short-time in- or out-of-school suspension:

1. The principal or the principal's designee will have authority to suspend a student.
2. A teacher may suspend a student from class for good cause, and the student will be sent to the principal's office. The teacher will report the incident to the principal. The final decision of returning the student to class will rest with the principal.
3. Students on suspension on the last day of a school week will not be permitted to attend or participate in any extra-school activities, until school reconvenes.
4. Students who continually indicate a lack of purpose by ignoring rules and regulations set for the general good of the student body may be suspended from school or class by the principal.
5. Prior to suspension the student will be informed of the charge(s).
6. If the student admits the charge(s), the principal may implement disciplinary action, including suspension.

7. If the student does not admit the charge(s), the principal or designee will:
  - a. Inform the student of the charge(s) and evidence of the alleged misconduct.
  - b. Allow the student to explain his/her actions.
  - c. Allow the student to identify person(s) who may clear the student of the charge(s). The principal will, if practical, interview these persons prior to determining whether a violation was committed. If the student is found to have committed the infraction, appropriate disciplinary action will be administered.
8. The principal or designee will send written notice of suspension to the parent or legal guardian. For an **out-of-school suspension**, the principal or designee will attempt to contact the parent or legal guardian prior to the student being released from school.
9. Students who have been expelled from another district, or who have committed acts while enrolled in another district which would have resulted in expulsion if committed while enrolled in this District, may be denied admission to the District or may be denied admission to the District at the discretion of the trustees for a time period consistent with the term of any expulsion permitted by Board policy.

#### Expulsion Procedure

The following procedural rules apply to a student charged with an offense for which expulsion is the maximum disciplinary action:

The building principal may recommend expulsion of a student to the Superintendent. The principal will provide written notification which includes the following:

1. Alleged violation(s) committed by the student;
2. Facts and circumstances, setting forth the misconduct or course of misconduct on which the recommendation is based, including identification of known witnesses and other information;
3. Proposed length of expulsion, including starting date and recommendation of whether the student should be granted credit for work completed in the present semester.

Upon agreeing to the written recommendation for expulsion, the Superintendent will notify the student and parent or legal guardian, in writing:

1. That the Superintendent will recommend expulsion to the Board;

2. Of the student's right to request a hearing of the charges; present a defense to the charges; be represented by another person; confront, examine, and cross-examine witness(es); and present information against the punishment recommended;
3. Of the maximum length of time for which the student may be expelled and the possibility of loss of credit for the present semester; and
4. That the student must request a hearing before the Board, in writing within ten (10) days, or the student waives his/her right to a hearing before the Board.
5. Following expulsion by the Board, a student may apply to be readmitted the following year. If a hearing is requested in writing and conforms to the above guidelines, the Superintendent and Board Chair will schedule a hearing at a regular or special meeting of the Board. The hearing will be scheduled without undue delay.

### **Saturday School**

1. The principal or his/her designee will assign students to Saturday School for good cause. Good cause is lack of purpose, indicated by ignoring rules and regulations set for the general good of the student body.
2. Saturday School will be held Saturday, 8:00 AM – 12:00 PM, and will take priority over all activities/work. The principal or his/her designee can remove or postpone a student's Saturday School.
3. A student forfeits his/her right to be involved in any school activity taking place during the times of Saturday School. EXAMPLE: Ballgames. At 10:00 AM - student is not allowed to play; team bus leaves at 11:30 AM - student does not play.
4. Students will work on schoolwork or associated school activities, as in a normal classroom.

### **Due Process**

A student who violates a school rule or guideline and is therefore subject to disciplinary action is entitled to a hearing with the principal or his or her designee, before a final decision is made. This may be a formal or an informal hearing.

#### Procedure History:

Promulgated on: August 2, 2005

Revised on: August 9, 2017

**STUDENTS**

Student Discipline

The Board grants authority to a teacher or principal to hold a student to strict accountability for disorderly conduct in school, on the way to or from school, or during intermission or recess.

Disciplinary action may be taken against any student guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, including, but not limited to instances set forth below:

- Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling tobacco products.
- Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling alcoholic beverages. Students who may be under the influence of alcohol will not be permitted to attend school functions and will be treated as though they had alcohol in their possession.
- Using, possessing, distributing, purchasing, or selling illegal drugs or controlled substances, look-alike drugs, and drug paraphernalia. Students who may be under the influence of such substances will not be permitted to attend school functions and will be treated as though they had drugs in their possession.
- Using, possessing, controlling, or transferring a weapon in violation of the “Possession of a Weapon in a School Building” section of this policy.
- Using, possessing, controlling, or transferring any object that reasonably could be considered or used as a weapon.
- Disobeying directives from staff members or school officials or disobeying rules and regulations governing student conduct.
- Using violence, force, noise, coercion, threats, intimidation, fear, or other comparable conduct toward anyone or urging other students to engage in such conduct.
- Causing or attempting to cause damage to, or stealing or attempting to steal, school property or another person’s property.
- Engaging in any activity that constitutes an interference with school purposes or an educational function or any other disruptive activity.
- Unexcused absenteeism. Truancy statutes and Board policy will be utilized for chronic and habitual truants.
- Hazing or bullying.
- Forging any signature or making any false entry or attempting to authorize any document used or intended to be used in connection with the operation of a school.

These grounds stated above for disciplinary action apply whenever a student’s conduct is reasonably related to school or school activities, including, but not limited to the circumstances set forth below:

- On, or within sight of, school grounds before, during, or after school hours or at any other time when school is being used by a school group.  
Off school grounds at a school-sponsored activity or event or any activity or event that bears a reasonable relationship to school.
- Travel to and from school or a school activity, function, or event.

- Anywhere conduct may reasonably be considered to be a threat or an attempted intimidation of a staff member or an interference with school purposes or an educational function.

### Disciplinary Measures

Disciplinary measures include, but are not limited to:

- Expulsion
- Suspension
- Detention, including Saturdays
- Clean-up duty
- Loss of student privileges
- Loss of bus privileges
- Notification to juvenile authorities and/or police
- Restitution for damages to school property

No District employee or person engaged by the District may inflict or cause to be inflicted corporal punishment on a student. Corporal punishment does not include reasonable force District personnel are permitted to use as needed to maintain safety for other students, school personnel, or other persons or for the purpose of self-defense.

### Gun-Free Schools

The Board will expel any student who uses, possesses, controls, or transfers a firearm or any object that can reasonably be considered or looks like a firearm, for a definite period of time of at least one (1) calendar year. The Board may modify an expulsion period on a case-by-case basis. A building administrator will notify the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system of any student who brings a firearm to school.

For purposes of this section a “firearm” means any device as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921. “Firearm” also includes any object, device or instrument designed as a weapon or through its use is capable of threatening or producing bodily harm or which may be used to inflict self-injury including but not limited to air guns; pellet guns; BB guns; fake (facsimile) weapons; all knives; blades; clubs; metal knuckles; numchucks; throwing stars; explosives; fireworks; mace or other propellants; stun guns; ammunition; poisons; chains; arrows; and objects that have been modified to serve as a weapon. “Firearm” also includes any object, device or instrument having the appearance of a weapon, including such objects, devices or instruments which are broken or non-functional, look-alike guns; toy guns; and any object that is a facsimile of a real weapon.

No person shall use articles designed for other purposes (i.e., lasers or laser pointers, belts, combs, pencils, files, scissors, etc.), to inflict bodily harm and/or intimidate and such use will be treated as the possession and use of a weapon.

When a student violating this gun-free policy is identified as disabled, either under the IDEA or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, a building administrator must determine whether a student's conduct is related to disability. If a violation of policy is owing to a disability recognized by the IDEA or Section 504, lawful procedures for changes in placement must be followed.

The Board will grant a hearing for any student subject to an expulsion in accordance with § 20-5-202, MCA, and Policy 3300.

#### Possession of a Weapon in a School Building

The District will refer to law enforcement for immediate prosecution any person who possesses, carries, or stores a weapon in a school building, except as provided below, and the District may take disciplinary action as well in the case of a student. In addition, the District will refer for possible prosecution a parent or guardian of any minor violating this policy on grounds of allowing a minor to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building.

For the purposes of this section only, "school building" means all buildings owned or leased by a local school district that are used for instruction or for student activities; "weapon" means any type of firearm, a knife with a blade four (4) or more inches in length, a sword, a straight razor, a throwing star, nun-chucks, firecrackers, or brass or other metal knuckles.

The Board may grant persons and entities advance permission to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building. All persons who wish to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building must request permission of the Board at a regular meeting. The Board has sole discretion in deciding whether to allow a person to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building.

This policy does not apply to law enforcement personnel.

#### Delegation of Authority

The Board grants authority to any teacher and to any other school personnel to impose on students under their charge any disciplinary measure, other than suspension or expulsion, corporal punishment or in-school suspension, that is appropriate and in accordance with policies and rules on student discipline. The Board authorizes teachers to remove students from classrooms for disruptive behavior.

Cross Reference: 3300 Corrective Actions and Punishment

Legal Reference:	§ 20-4-302, MCA	Discipline and punishment of pupils – definition of corporal punishment – penalty – defense
	§ 20-5-202, MCA	Suspension and expulsion
	§ 45-8-361, MCA	Possession or allowing possession of weapon in school building – exceptions – penalties – seizure and forfeiture or return authorized – definitions
	20 U.S.C. § 8921, et seq.	Gun Free Schools Act of 1994
	29 U.S.C. § 701	Rehabilitation Act of 1973

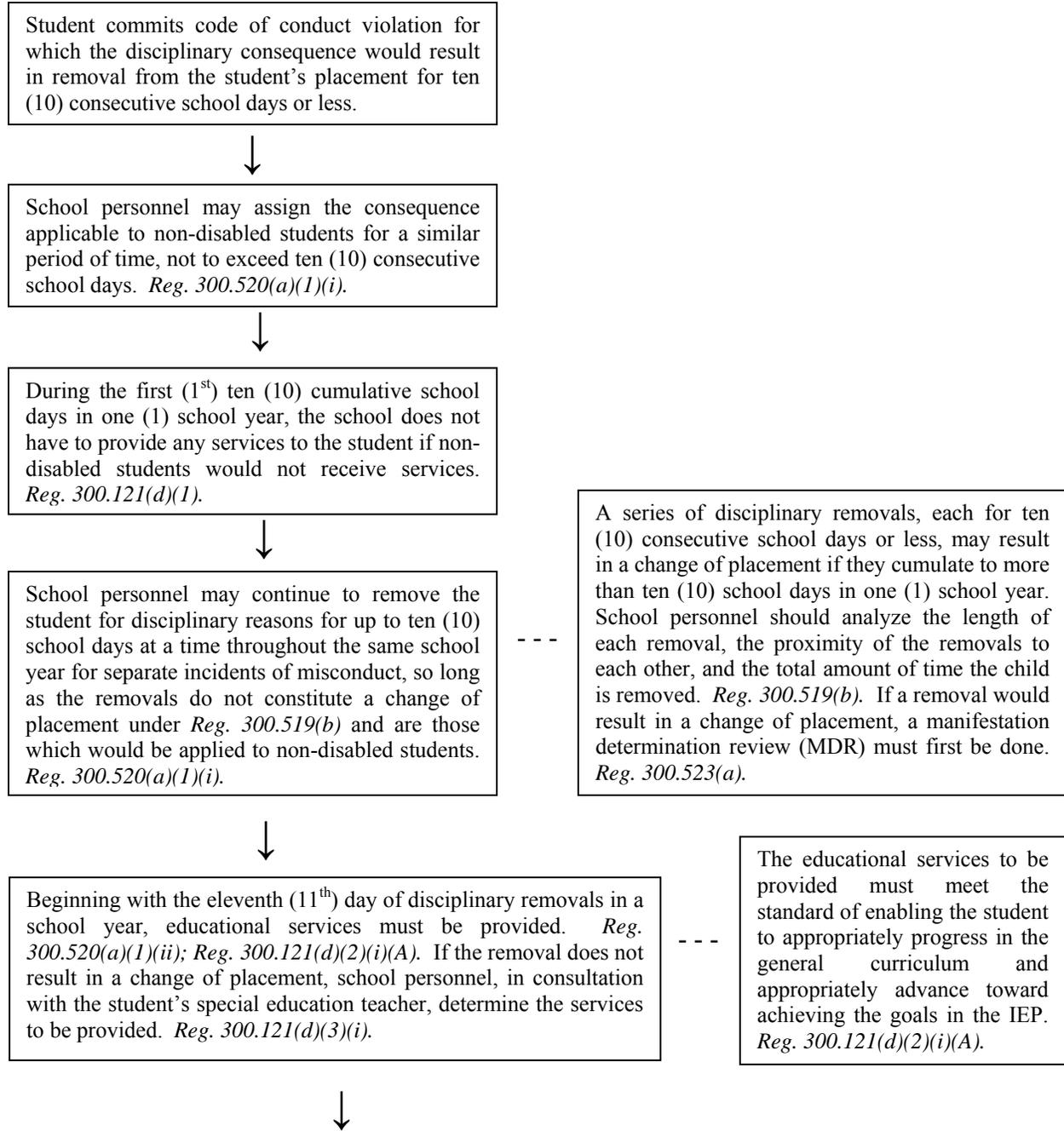
Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

Discipline of Students With Disabilities

**Code of Conduct Violations by Students With Disabilities, Resulting in Disciplinary Consequences of Ten (10) School Days or Less**



Beginning with the eleventh (11<sup>th</sup>) day of disciplinary removals in a school year, the IEP Team must address behavioral issues. If the removal does not result in a change of placement, the IEP Team must meet within ten (10) business days of first removing the student for more than ten (10) school days in a school year, to develop a plan to conduct a functional behavioral assessment, if one was not conducted before the behavior that resulted in the removal. *Reg. 300.520(b)(1)(i).*



After the functional behavioral assessment is completed, the IEP Team meets as soon as practicable to develop a behavioral intervention plan to address the behavior and implement the plan. *Reg. 300.520(b)(2).*

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If the student's IEP already includes a behavior intervention plan, within ten (10) business days of first removing the student for more than ten (10) school days in a school year, the IEP Team must meet to review the behavior intervention plan and its implementation, and modify the plan and its implementation as necessary to address the behavior. *Reg. 300.520(b)(1)(ii).*



If the student is assigned subsequent disciplinary removals in a school year for ten (10) days or less that do not result in a change of placement, the IEP Team members (including the parent) informally review the behavior intervention plan and its implementation to determine if modifications are necessary. *Reg. 300.520(c)(2).*



If one or more team members believe modifications are needed, the IEP Team must meet to modify the plan and its implementation to the extent the IEP Team deems necessary. *Reg. 300.520(c)(2).*

**Code of Conduct Violations by Students With Disabilities for Which Recommended Disciplinary Consequences Would Result in Change of Placement for More Than Ten (10) School Days (Excluding Drug and Weapon Offenses)**

Student violates code of conduct, and the recommended disciplinary consequence would result in a removal from the current educational placement for more than ten (10) consecutive school days (alternate placement, expulsion). This constitutes a change of placement. *Reg. 300.519(a).*



The recommended disciplinary consequence may be for a removal from the current educational placement for less than ten (10) consecutive school days, but may constitute a change of placement because the student has already been removed for disciplinary reasons for ten (10) or more school days in the current school year, and the length of each removal, their proximity to each other, and the total amount of time the student has been removed result in a change of placement. *Reg. 300.519(b).*



School personnel may remove from current educational placement for ten (10) school days or less (*Reg. 300.520(a)(1)(i)*) and recommend further discipline according to the code of conduct. (The ten-(10)-day-or-less alternative must be one equally applicable to non-disabled. See pp. 1-2 for educational services to be provided during a short removal.) If a criminal act has been committed, charges may be filed, and law enforcement authorities to whom the crime was reported must be provided special education and disciplinary records to the extent disclosure is permitted by FERPA. *Sec. 1415(k)(9). Reg. 300.529.*



At the time the decision is made to take this action, school personnel must notify parent of decision and provide procedural safeguards notice in *Reg. 300.504. Sec. 1415(k)(4)(A)(i); Reg. 300.523(a)(1).*



Within ten (10) business days, IEP Team and other qualified personnel must meet and review relationship between disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action (manifestation determination review – MDR). *Sec. 1415(k)(4)(A); Reg. 300.523(a)(2), (b).* If there has been no previous functional behavioral assessment and creation of a behavior intervention plan, the IEP Team must develop an assessment plan. *Reg. 300.520(b)(1)(i).* As soon as practicable after the assessment, the IEP Team must meet again to develop and implement the behavior intervention plan. *Reg. 300.520(b)(2).* If the IEP contains a behavior intervention plan, the IEP Team reviews the plan and its implementation and modifies them as necessary to address the behavior. *Reg. 300.520(b)(1)(ii).*



For the MDR, the IEP Team must look at all information relevant to the behavior subject to discipline, such as evaluation and diagnostic results, including such results and other relevant information from the parent, observation of the student, and the student's IEP and placement. The misbehavior is not a manifestation of the disability, if the IEP Team finds that in relationship to the misbehavior subject to discipline:

- The IEP and placement were appropriate;
- Consistent with the content of the student's IEP and placement, special education services, supplementary aids, and behavior intervention strategies were actually provided;
- The disability did not impair the ability of the student to understand the impact and consequences of the misbehavior; and
- The disability did not impair the ability of the student to control the misbehavior.

*Sec. 1415(k)(4)(C); Reg. 300.523(c).*



If the IEP Team determines any of the standards were not met, the misbehavior was a manifestation of the disability, and no punishment may be assessed. *Reg. 300.523(d).* If IEP Team identified deficiencies in IEP, placement, or implementation, it must take immediate steps to remedy. *Reg. 300.523(f).*



If the IEP Team determines the misbehavior was not a manifestation of the disability, regular disciplinary consequences may be applied to the student, except that the student must continue to be provided a free appropriate public education. *Sec. 1415(k)(5)(A); Sec. 1412(a)(1)(A); Reg. 300.121(a); Reg. 300.524(a)*. The campus must ensure that special education and disciplinary records are transmitted for consideration by the school district person making the final determination regarding the disciplinary action. *Sec. 1415(k)(5)(B); Reg. 300.524(b)*.

Parent may appeal a finding that the misbehavior was not a manifestation of the disability. The hearing is expedited before a special education hearing officer, who applies the same standards as the IEP Team. *Sec. 1415(k)(6); Reg. 300.525(a), (b)*.

Parent may appeal decision to place student in forty-five-(45)-day interim placement. The hearing is expedited before a special education hearing officer, who applies the standards regarding a dangerous student in *Reg. 300.521. Sec. 1415(k)(6)(B)(ii); Reg. 300.525(b)(2)*.

When a parent requests a hearing in a drug or weapon case to challenge the interim alternative placement or the manifestation determination, student remains in interim placement until decision of hearing officer or forty-five (45) days expires, whichever comes first, unless the parent and school agree otherwise. *Reg. 300.526(a)*. Then student returns to current placement (defined as placement prior to interim alternative educational setting). School can ask for expedited hearing before special education hearing officer to prevent this return, if the student is substantially likely to injure self or others. *Reg. 300.526(b), (c)*. The hearing officer applies the standards in *Reg. 300.121. Reg. 300.526(c)*. Hearing officer can order another placement for up to forty-five (45) days. *Reg. 300.526(c)(3)*. This procedure may be repeated as necessary. *Sec. 1415(k)(7); Reg. 300.526(c)(4)*.

The standard the educational services must meet is to enable the child to appropriately progress in the general curriculum and appropriately advance toward achieving the goals in the IEP. *Reg. 300.121(d)(2)(i)(B); Reg. 300.524(a)*. The IEP Team must determine what services are necessary to meet this standard. *Reg. 300.121(d)(3)(ii)*.

### Drug and Weapon Offenses by Students With Disabilities

Student carries weapon to school, or possesses, uses, sells, or solicits sale of illegal or controlled substance on school property or at a school function.



Illegal drug – controlled substance. Excludes legally used and possessed prescription drugs. *Sec. 1415(k)(10)(B); Reg. 300.520(d)(2)*.

Controlled substance – drug or substance in 21 U.S.C. § 812(c), Schedules I-V. *Sec. 1415(k)(10)(A); Reg. 300.520(d)(1)*.

Weapon – A firearm and more. Something used for or readily capable of causing death or serious bodily injury. Excludes pocket knife with blade of 2½ inches or less. *Sec. 1415(k)(10)(D); Reg. 300.520(d)(3)*.

School personnel may remove from current educational placement for ten (10) school days or less, and recommend further discipline according to the code of conduct. *Sec. 1415(k)(1)(A)(i); Reg. 300.520(a)(1)(i)*. (The ten-(10)-day-or-less alternative must be one equally applicable to non-disabled students. See pp. 1-2 for education services to be provided during a short removal.) If a criminal act has been committed, charges may be filed, and special education and disciplinary records will be transmitted to law enforcement authorities to whom the crime was reported, to the extent disclosure is permitted by FERPA. *Sec. 1415(k)(9); Reg. 300.529*.



At time decision is made to take this disciplinary action, school personnel must notify parent of decision and provide procedural safeguards notice in *Reg. 300.504*. *Sec. 1415(k)(4)(A)(i); Reg. 300.523(a)(1)*.



Within ten (10) business days, IEP Team must meet and may extend the removal by placing student in appropriate interim alternative educational setting applicable to non-disabled student for same amount of time non-disabled student would be assigned, but not more than forty-five (45) calendar days. *Sec. 1415(k)(1)(A)(ii) and (3)(A); Reg. 300.520(a)(2); Reg. 300.522(a)*. IEP Team must review the behavior intervention plan, if one exists, and its implementation and modify, as necessary, to address behavior. *Reg. 300.520(b)(1)(ii)*. If there has been no previous functional behavioral assessment and creation of behavior intervention plan, IEP Team must develop assessment plan. *Sec. 1415(k)(1)(B); Reg. 300.520(b)(1)(i)*. As soon as practicable after the assessment, the IEP Team must meet again to develop and implement the behavior intervention plan. *Reg. 300.520(b)(2)*. The IEP Team and other qualified personnel must review the relationship between disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action (manifestation determination review-MDR). *Sec. 1415(k)(4)(A); Reg. 300.523(a)(2)(b)*.



The forty-five-(45)-day alternative interim placement must:

- Enable student to progress in general curriculum, although in another setting;
- Enable student to continue to receive those services and modifications, including those described in the student's IEP, that will enable the student to meet the goals set out in that IEP; and
- Include services and modifications designed to address the drug or weapon offense so that it does not recur. *Sec. 1415(k)(3)(B); Reg. 300.522; Reg. 300.121(d)(2)(ii)*.

Comments to regulations: Students may be subject to multiple forty - five - (45) - day interim placements for separate drug and weapon offenses. The forty - five - (45) - day interim placement may be completed even if drug or weapon offense was manifestation of disability. If misbehavior was not a manifestation of disability, regular disciplinary consequence can be applied in addition to forty - five - (45) - day interim placement.

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For the MDR, the IEP Team must look at all information relevant to the behavior subject to discipline, such as evaluation and diagnostic results, including such results and other relevant information from the parent, observation of the student, and the student's IEP and placement. The misbehavior is not a manifestation of the disability if the IEP Team finds that, in relationship to the misbehavior subject to discipline:

- The IEP and placement were appropriate;
- Consistent with the content of the student's IEP and placement, special education services, supplementary aids and services, and behavior intervention strategies were actually provided;
- The disability did not impair the ability of student to understand the impact and consequences of the misbehavior; and
- The disability did not impair the ability of the student to control the misbehavior.

*Sec. 1415(k)(4)(C); Reg. 300.523(c).*



If the IEP Team determines any of the standards were not met, the misbehavior was a manifestation of the disability, and no punishment may be assessed. *Reg. 300.523(d)*. If IEP Team identifies deficiencies in IEP, placement, or implementation, it must take immediate steps to remedy. *Reg. 300.523(f)*.

- or -

If the IEP Team determines the misbehavior was not a manifestation of the disability, regular disciplinary consequences may be applied to the student, except that the student must continue to be provided a free appropriate public education. *Sec. 1415(k)(5)(A); Sec. 1412(a)(1)(A). Reg. 300.121(a). Reg. 300.524(a)*. The campus must ensure that special education and disciplinary record are transmitted for consideration by the school district person making the final determination regarding the disciplinary action. *Sec. 1415(k)(5)(B); Reg. 300.524(b)*.

Parent may appeal a finding that the misbehavior was not a manifestation of the disability. The hearing is expedited before a special education hearing officer, who applies the same standards as the IEP Team. *Sec. 1415(i)(6); Reg. 300.525(a), (b)*.

If IEP Team finds no manifestation and changes placement to comply with the disciplinary recommendation, parent may appeal the placement decision. The hearing is expedited before a special education hearing officer. *Sec. 1415(k)(6)(A); Reg. 300.525(a)(2)*.

During appeals, stay put applies. *Reg. 300.524(c)*. If child is substantially likely to injure self or others in the current placement, the school can request an expedited hearing and request the hearing officer to remove to an interim alternative educational placement for up to forty-five (45) days. Standards to be met are those in *Sec. 1415(k)(2)* and *Reg. 300.521*.

The standard the education services must meet is to enable the child to appropriately progress in the general curriculum and appropriately advance toward achieving the goals in the IEP. *Reg. 300.121(d)(2)(i)(B); Reg. 300.524(a)*. The IEP Team must determine what services are necessary to meet this standard. *Reg. 300.121(d)(3)(ii)*.

### Students Dangerous to Self or Others

IDEA discipline procedures are followed for a non-drug or weapon offense, the penalty for which would result in expulsion or removal from the student's placement for more than ten (10) school days.

IEP Team meets, determines no manifestation and recommends discipline proceed. Parent disagrees and requests a due-process hearing. Stay put applies, and child stays in the current placement, unless school acts to change the placement. *Reg. 300.524.*



School requests hearing officer to change the placement during the pendency of the hearing because of the likelihood of injury to self or others. *Sec. 1415(k)(2); Reg. 300.521.*



Hearing officer holds expedited hearing to consider request. School has burden of proof to show by more than a preponderance of the evidence that maintaining the child in the current placement is substantially likely to result in injury to self or others. *Sec. 1415(k)(2)(A), (10)(D); Reg. 300.521(a).* Hearing officer must also:

- Consider the appropriateness of the current placement.
- Consider whether the school has made reasonable effort to minimize the risk of harm in the current placement, including the use of supplemental aids and services.
- Determine that the interim alternative setting proposed by the school personnel, in consultation with special education teacher:
  - Enables the student to participate in the general curriculum, although in another setting;
  - Enables the student to continue to receive those services and modifications, including those described in the student's current IEP, that will enable the student to meet the goals set out in the IEP; and
  - Include services and modification designed to address the behavior so that it does not recur.

*Sec. 1415(k)(2); Reg. 300.521(b), (c), (d); Reg. 300.522(b); Reg. 300.121(d)(2)(ii)(B).*

If parent appeals forty-five-(45)-day interim alternative placement by IEP Team in drug or weapon case, hearing officer applies these standards in expedited hearing. *Sec. 1415(k)(6)(B)(ii); Reg. 300.525 (b)(2).*

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If all requirements are met, hearing officer may order a change of placement to the interim alternative educational setting for up to forty-five (45) days. *Sec. 1415(k)(2); Reg. 300.521.*



Student returns to his or her current placement (the placement prior to the interim alternative educational setting) at end of forty-five (45) days, if no decision has been issued by hearing officer in pending due-process hearing. If school believes it would be dangerous for student to return to current placement while hearing is still pending, school may request another expedited hearing to again place student in forty-five-(45)-day interim placement while hearing continues to be pending. *Reg. 300.526(b), (c)(4)*. Hearing officer holds same type of hearing initially held when hearing officer ordered first forty-five-(45)-day interim placement. *Sec. 1415(k)(7); Reg. 300.526*. Any subsequent forty-five-(45)-day interim setting must meet the standards in *Reg. 300.522*.

Procedure History:

Promulgated on:

Revised on:

STUDENTS

FIREARMS AND WEAPONS

**Firearms**

For the purposes of the firearms section of this policy, the term “firearm” means (A) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; (B) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; (C) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or (D) any destructive device pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 921 (4). Such term does not include an antique firearm pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 921 (16).

It is the policy of the Malta School District to comply with the federal Gun Free Schools Act of 1994 and state law 20-5-202 (2), MCA, pertaining to students who bring a firearm to, or possess a firearm at, any setting that is under the control and supervision of the school district. In accordance with 20-5-202 (3), MCA, a teacher, superintendent, or a principal shall suspend immediately for good cause a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to, or possess a firearm at, any setting that is under the control and supervision of the school district. In accordance with Montana law, a student who is determined to have brought a firearm to, or possess a firearm at, any setting that is under the control and supervision of the school district must be expelled from school for a period of not less than 1 year.

However, on a case-by-case basis, the Board of Trustees will convene a hearing to review the underlying circumstances and, in the discretion of the Board, may authorize the school administration to modify the requirement for expulsion of a student.

A decision to change the placement of a student with a disability who has been expelled pursuant to this section must be made in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

**Possession of Weapons other than Firearms**

The District does not allow weapons on school property. Any student found to have possessed, used or transferred a weapon on school property will be subject to discipline in accordance with the District’s discipline policy. For purposes of this section, “weapon” means any object, device, or instrument designed as a weapon or through its use is capable of threatening or producing bodily harm or which may be used to inflict self-injury, including but not limited to air guns; pellet guns; BB guns; fake (facsimile) weapons; all knives; blades; clubs; metal knuckles; numchucks (also known as nunchucks); throwing stars; explosives; fireworks; mace or other propellants; stun guns; ammunition; poisons; chains; arrows; and objects that have been modified to serve as a weapon.

No person shall possess, use, or distribute any object, device, or instrument having the appearance of a weapon, and such objects, devices, or instruments shall be treated as weapons, including but not limited to weapons listed above which are broken or non-functional, look-alike

guns; toy guns; and any object that is a facsimile of a real weapon. No person shall use articles designed for other purposes (i.e., lasers or laser pointers, belts, combs, pencils, files, scissors, etc.) to inflict bodily harm and/or intimidate, and such use will be treated as the possession and use of a weapon.

The District will refer to law enforcement for immediate prosecution any person who possesses, carries, or stores a weapon **in a school building**, and the District may take disciplinary action as well in the case of a student. In addition the District will refer for possible prosecution a parent or guardian of any minor violating this policy on grounds of allowing a minor to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building. (45-8-361 (1) (2))

For the purposes of this section only, “school building” means all buildings owned or leased by a local school district that are used for instruction or for student activities. (45-8-361 (5a))

The Board may grant persons and entities advance permission to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building. All persons who wish to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building must request permission of the Board at a regular meeting. The Board has sole discretion in deciding whether to allow a person to possess, carry, or store a weapon in a school building. (45-8-361 (3b))

This policy does not apply to law enforcement officers acting in his or her official capacity. (45-8-361 (3a))

The trustees shall annually review this policy and update this policy as determined necessary by the trustees based on changing circumstances pertaining to school safety.

*Note: Section (g) of the NCLB Section 4141 – Gun Free Requirements, carves out a very significant exception to the Gun Free Schools Act in that it allows a student to have “a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle on school property. . .” Montana law (20-5-202, MCA), on the other hand, does not provide for any exception to the expulsion requirement if a student has a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle on school property. The only reference to federal law in 20-5-202(2), MCA is the federal definition of a firearm. As you well know 20-5-202(2), MCA provides that:*

*(2) The trustees of a district shall adopt a policy for the expulsion of a student who is determined to have brought a firearm, as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921, to school and for referring the matter to the appropriate local law enforcement agency. A student who is determined to have brought a firearm to school under this subsection must be expelled from school for a period of not less than 1 year, except that the trustees may authorize the school administration to modify the requirement for expulsion of a student on a case-by-case basis.*

*So, Montana schools are required, by state law, to expel a student from school for a period of not less than 1 year if it is determined that the student brought a firearm to school, subject to the*

*case-by-case exception noted in the statute. Based upon the exception noted in federal law and in circumstances where a student is found to have a firearm on school property in a locked vehicle, Montana schools should be citing state law (20-5-202, MCA) and district policy to support any recommendation for expulsion.*

*There is one significant inconsistency between the Federal Gun Free Schools Act and Montana is that under federal law it provides that “State law **shall** allow the chief administering officer of a local educational agency to modify such expulsion requirement for a student on a case-by-case basis if such modification is in writing,” whereas 20-5-202(2), MCA, provides that the trustees **may** authorize the school administration to modify the requirement for expulsion of a student on a case-by-case basis.*

Cross Reference:	Policy 3310 Policy 4332	Student Discipline Conduct of School Property
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Legal Reference:	§ 20-5-202, MCA § 45-8-361, MCA  20 U.S.C. § 7151, et seq. 18 U.S.C. § 921 NCLB, Section 4141	Suspension and expulsion Possession or allowing possession of a weapon in a school building Gun Free Schools Act of 1994 Definitions Gun Free Requirements
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Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on:

Revised on: July 9, 2014

## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

3312

#### Detention

For minor infractions of school rules or regulations, or for minor misconduct, staff may detain students. Students may be required to attend Saturday detention for up to four (4) hours.

Preceding the assessment of such punishment, the staff member shall inform the student of the nature of the offense charged and/or the specific conduct which allegedly constitutes the violation. The student shall be afforded an opportunity to explain or justify his/her actions to the staff member. Parents must be notified prior to a student serving an after-school detention.

Students detained for corrective action or punishment shall be under the supervision of the staff member or designee.

Violations of established rules and regulations governing detention will result in discipline, as stated in student handbooks.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

3340

#### Extra- and Co-Curricular Alcohol, Drug, and Tobacco Use

The District views participation in extracurricular activities as a privilege extended to students willing to make a commitment to adhere to the rules which govern them. The District believes that participation in organized activities can contribute to all-around development of young men and women and that implementation of these rules will serve these purposes:

Emphasize concern for the health and well-being of students while participating in activities;

Provide a chemical-free environment which will encourage healthy development;

Diminish chemical use by providing an education assistance program;

Promote a sense of self-discipline among students;

Confirm and support existing state laws which prohibit use of mood-altering chemicals;

Emphasize standards of conduct for those students who, through their participation, are leaders and role models for their peers and younger students; and

Assist students who desire to resist peer pressure that often directs them toward the use of chemicals.

Violations of established rules and regulations governing chemical use by participants in extra and co-curricular activities will result in discipline as stated in student and athletic handbooks.

Legal Reference: § 20-5-201, MCA Duties and sanctions

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**Malta School District**

**STUDENTS**

3345

Gambling

Students are not permitted to gamble for money while in school, on school property, in school vehicles, while on school-sponsored trips or when representing the school during activity or athletic functions. Students who are found to be betting, playing cards, rolling dice for money, playing keno or poker machines, gambling on the internet or involved in any other form of gambling shall be reported to the principal. Appropriate discipline will be administered in accordance with the district's student discipline policies.

Legal Reference:     § 23-5-112, MCA     Definitions  
                          § 23-5-158, MCA     Minors Not To Participate – Penalty - Exception

Policy History:

Adopted on: October 11, 2006

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS 3350

Page 1 of 3

#### Extracurricular Activities Drug-Testing Program

The District has a strong commitment to the health, safety, and welfare of its students. Results of studies throughout the United States indicate that education alone, as a preventive measure, is not effective in combating substance abuse. Our commitment to maintaining the extracurricular activities in the District as a safe and secure educational environment requires a clear policy and supportive programs relating to detection, treatment, and prevention of substance abuse by students involved in extracurricular activities.

#### Scope

1. Students participating in any extra-curricular activity represent the community, the school and their peers. When a participant uses illegal substances and/or alcohol, such use impinges upon the team's motivation, cohesiveness and performance. As a result, the well being of the individual, the team, and the general school community is diminished by the participant's use of illegal substances and/or alcohol.
2. As participation in any extra-curricular activity is a privilege, those students voluntarily subject themselves to a degree of regulation higher than that imposed on students generally. Students who voluntarily participate in school athletic activities and/or extra-curricular activities have reason to expect intrusions upon normal rights and privileges, including privacy.
3. The Malta School District will test student athletes and other participants in any MHSA extra-curricular activity for illegal substance and/or alcohol use by administering urinalysis tests. This policy applies to all Malta School District students participating in any extra-curricular activity sponsored or sanctioned by the Montana High School Association (MHSA).

#### Definitions

Drug: Any substance considered illegal or controlled by the Food and Drug Administration.

Student Participant: Any student participating in any extra-curricular activity under the control and jurisdiction of the Montana High School Association and/or Malta High School.

Activity Season: Fall, Winter and Spring seasons begin on the first day of practice/participation allowed by the MHSA/Malta High School, and end after the final competition for that activity and the student has returned to Malta or having been released to their parent or guardian.

Definitions (Cont.)

Pupil Instruction Days (PI Days) – Begins with the first official practice of fall sports and ends with the last pupil instruction or competition day of the year.

CONSENT FORM

It is MANDATORY that each student who participates in extracurricular activities sign and return the Consent Form prior to participation in any extracurricular activity. Failure to comply will result in non-participation.

Each extracurricular participant shall be provided with the Consent Form (3350F), which shall be dated and signed by the participant and by the parent/guardian and Procedure (3350P). In so doing, the student is agreeing to participate in the random drug-testing program at Malta High School.

VERIFICATION OF LEGAL DRUG USE

Student participants who are drug tested under this policy will be given a reasonable opportunity to submit verification of legal drug use. At the time of testing, each student will be given written notice that he or she has seventy-two (72) hours to submit verification of any prescription drug use by providing a copy of the prescription to the building administration in a sealed envelope. The building administration will submit the sealed envelope, unopened, to the testing laboratory for consultation in making an analysis. The information regarding the use of prescription drugs is confidential and will not be shared with any school official. If the student fails to provide timely verification of legal drug use, and tests positive, he or she will be subject to retesting.

FREQUENCY OF TESTING

The following provisions apply to frequency of testing:

1. One hundred percent of the student participants will be tested at the beginning of each season or activity. This initial screening will occur anytime from the first day of practice to the day preceding the first contest/event. Students will be required to pay for the initial screening as part of the participation fee. The following participants will make up the different pools for the specific seasons:  
**Fall:** Football, Volleyball, Cross Country, Speech and Drama, *and Fall Cheerleading*  
**Winter:** Wrestling, Boys and Girls Basketball, and *Winter Cheerleading*  
**Spring:** Track and Field, Golf, and *Music*
2. Random testing may occur during an activity season. Up to twenty (20) percent of all students participating, regardless of activity or sport, may be tested on a periodic basis.
3. Once a student is in the pool, they will remain in the pool for the remainder of the academic year.

### SCOPE OF TESTS

The samples will be tested *for any or all* of the following: THC, Cocaine, Benzodiazepines, Alcohol, Amphetamines, Barbiturates, Ecstasy, Marijuana, Methadone, Methamphetamine, Morphine, Opiates, Oxycodone, Phencyclidine, Propoxyphene, and Tricyclic Antidepressants. The laboratory will be authorized to report test results to the superintendent or designee.

### SAMPLE COLLECTION/ CONFIRMING A TEST RESULT

The Administration is directed to develop procedures to administer this policy

### Training Rules

Training rules are available in the student handbook, and approved by the Board of Trustees annually.

### DUTIES OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OR DESIGNEE

*The superintendent or designee will implement and oversee appropriate procedures for the consistent implementation of the testing procedure. A Third Party Administrator will be contracted to conduct, screen and verify the results.*

### GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. The results of the tests will be disclosed only to the student and parent/guardian, and those school personnel who have a need to know.
2. The test results will be kept for only the duration of the student's high school career. They will not be placed in the student's academic folder.
3. The school district will pay any cost associated with the gathering of random samples and testing by an independent laboratory, as well as all administrative fees necessary to implement this policy.

### NON-PUNITIVE NATURE OF POLICY

Detection of illegal substances or alcohol obtained pursuant to this policy will not be used as a basis to discipline a student or penalize him or her academically. Such detection will not be made a part of a student's permanent record. Information regarding the results of the drug tests will not be disclosed to criminal or juvenile authorities absent legal compulsion by valid and binding subpoena and other legal process, which the school district will not solicit.

### Policy History:

Adopted on: July 29, 2010

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

3410

#### Student Health/Physical Screenings/Examinations

The Board may arrange each year for health services to be provided to all students. Such services may include but not be limited to:

1. Development of procedures at each building for isolation and temporary care of students who become ill during the school day;
2. Consulting services of a qualified specialist for staff, students, and parents;
3. Vision and hearing screening;
4. Scoliosis screening;
5. Immunization as provided by the Department of Public Health and Human Services.

Parents/guardians will receive written notice of any screening result which indicates a condition that might interfere or tend to interfere with a student's progress.

Students who wish to participate in certain extracurricular activities may be required to submit to a physical examination to verify their ability to participate in the activity. Students participating in activities governed by the Montana High School Association will be required to follow the rules of that organization, as well as other applicable District policies, rules, and regulations.

All parents will be notified of requirements of the District's policy on physical examinations and screening of students, at least annually at the beginning of the school year and within a reasonable period of time after any substantive change in the policy.

Legal Reference: § 20-3-324(20), MCA Powers and duties  
General Education Provisions Act, 20 U.S.C. 1232h(b)

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

3413

#### Student Immunization

The Board requires all students to present evidence of their having been immunized against the following diseases: diphtheria, pertussis (whooping cough), poliomyelitis, measles (rubeola), mumps, rubella, and tetanus. Pertussis immunization is not required for students who are seven (7) years or older. Haemophilus influenza type "b" immunization is required for students under age five (5).

Upon initial enrollment, an immunization status form shall be completed by the student's parent or guardian. The certificate shall be made a part of the student's permanent record.

A pupil who transfers into the District may photocopy immunization records in the possession of the school of origin. The District will accept the photocopy as evidence of immunization. Within thirty (30) days after a transferring pupil ceases attendance at the school of origin, the District must receive the original immunization records for the pupil who transfers into the District.

Exemptions from one or more vaccines shall be granted for medical reasons upon certification by a physician indicating the specific nature and probable duration of the medical condition for not administering the vaccine(s). Exemptions for religious reasons must be filed annually. The statement for an exemption shall be maintained as part of the student's immunization record. The permanent file of students with exemptions shall be marked for easy identification should the Department of Public Health and Human Services order that exempted students be excluded from school temporarily when the risk of contracting or transmitting a disease exists. Exclusion shall not exceed thirty (30) calendar days.

The Superintendent may allow the commencement of attendance in school by a student who has not been immunized against each disease listed in § 20-5-403, MCA, if that student has received one or more doses of polio, measles (rubeola), mumps, rubella, diphtheria, pertussis, Haemophilus influenza type "b", and tetanus vaccine.

The District shall exclude a student for noncompliance with the immunization laws and properly notify the parent or guardian. The local health department may seek an injunction requiring the parent to submit an immunization status form, take action to fully immunize the student, or file an exemption for personal or medical reasons.

Legal Reference:       § 20-3-324(20), MCA       Powers and duties  
                              § 20-5-402 - 410, MCA       Health

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**STUDENTS**

Management of Sports Related Concussions

The Malta School District recognizes that concussions and head injuries are commonly reported injuries in children and adolescents who participate in sports and other recreational activities. The Board acknowledges the risk of catastrophic injuries or death is significant when a concussion or head injury is not properly evaluated and managed. Therefore, all K-12 competitive sport athletic activities in the District will be identified by the administration.

Consistent with guidelines provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the National Federation of High School (NFHS) and the Montana High School Association (MHSA), the District will utilize procedures developed by the MHSA and other pertinent information to inform and educate coaches, athletic trainers, officials, youth athletes, and their parents and/or guardians of the nature and risk of concussions or head injuries, including the dangers associated with continuing to play after a concussion or head injury. Resources are available on the Montana High School Association Sports Medicine page at [www.mhsa.org](http://www.mhsa.org); U.S. Department of Health and Human Services page at: [www.hhs.gov](http://www.hhs.gov); and; the Centers for Disease and Prevention page at [www.cdc.gov/concussion/sports.index.html](http://www.cdc.gov/concussion/sports.index.html).

Annually, the district will distribute a head injury and concussion information and sign-off sheet to all parents and guardians of student-athletes in competitive sport activities prior to the student-athlete's initial practice or competition.

All coaches, athletic trainers, officials, including volunteers participating in organized youth athletic activities, shall complete the training program at least once each school year as required in the District procedure. Additionally, all coaches, athletic trainers, officials, including volunteers participating in organized youth athletic activities will comply with all procedures for the management of head injuries and concussions.

Reference: Montana High School Association, Rules and Regulations  
Section 4, Return to Play

Legal Reference: Senate Bill 112 (2013 Legislature)

Cross Reference: 3415F Student-Athlete & Parent/Legal Custodian Concussion Statement

Policy History:

Adopted on: July 15, 2013

Reviewed on:

Revised on:

STUDENTS

3415P

Management of Sports Related Concussions

A. Athletic Director or Administrator in Charge of Athletic Duties:

1. *Updating*: Each spring, the athletic director, or the administrator in charge of athletics if there is no athletic director, shall review any changes that have been made in procedures required for concussion and head injury management or other serious injury by consulting with the MHSA or the MHSA Web site, U.S. DPHHS, and CDCP web site. If there are any updated procedures, they will be adopted and used for the upcoming school year.
2. *Identified Sports*: Identified sports include all organized youth athletic activity sponsored by the school or school district.

B. *Training*: All coaches, athletic trainers, and officials, including volunteers shall undergo training in head injury and concussion management at least once each school year by one of the following means: (1) through viewing the MHSA sport-specific rules clinic; (2) through viewing the MHSA concussion clinic found on the MHSA Sports Medicine page at [www.mhsa.org](http://www.mhsa.org); or by the district inviting the participation of appropriate advocacy groups and appropriate sports governing bodies to facilitate the training requirements.

C. *Parent Information Sheet*: On a yearly basis, a concussion and head injury information sheet shall be distributed to the student-athlete and the athlete's parent and/or guardian prior to the student-athlete's initial practice or competition. This information sheet may be incorporated into the parent permission sheet which allows students to participate in extracurricular athletics and should include resources found on the MHSA Sports Medicine page at [www.mhsa.org](http://www.mhsa.org), U.S. DPHHS, and CDCP websites.

D. *Responsibility*: An athletic trainer, coach, or official shall immediately remove from play, practice, tryouts, training exercises, preparation for an athletic game, or sport camp a student-athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury or other serious injury.

E. *Return to Play After Concussion or Head Injury*: In accordance with MHSA Return to Play Rules and Regulations Senate Bill 112 (2013 Legislature), a student athlete who has been removed from play, practice, tryouts, training exercises, preparation for an athletic game, or sport camp may not return until the athlete is cleared by a licensed health care professional (registered, licensed, certified, or otherwise statutorily recognized health care professional). The health care provider may be a volunteer.

Policy History:

Adopted on: July 15, 2013

Reviewed on:

Revised on:

## Student-Athlete & Parent/Legal Custodian Concussion Statement

Because of the passage of the Dylan Steiger’s Protection of Youth Athletes Act, schools are required to distribute information sheets for the purpose of informing and educating student-athletes and their parents of the nature and risk of concussion and head injury to student athletes, including the risks of continuing to play after concussion or head injury. Montana law requires that each year, before beginning practice for an organized activity, a student-athlete and the student-athlete’s parent(s)/legal guardian(s) must be given an information sheet, and both parties must sign and return a form acknowledging receipt of the information to an official designated by the school or school district prior to the student-athletes participation during the designated school year. The law further states that a student-athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or game shall be removed from play at the time of injury and may not return to play until the student-athlete has received a written clearance from a licensed health care provider.

Student-Athlete Name: \_\_\_\_\_

*This form must be completed for each student-athlete, even if there are multiple student-athletes in each household.*

Parent/Legal Custodian Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_

We have read the *Student-Athlete & Parent/Legal Custodian Concussion Information Sheet*.

*If true, please check box*

After reading the information sheet, I am aware of the following information:

Student-Athlete Initials		Parent/Legal Custodian Initials
	A concussion is a brain injury, which should be reported to my parents, my coach(es), or a medical professional if one is available.	
	A concussion can affect the ability to perform everyday activities such as the ability to think, balance, and classroom performance.	
	A concussion cannot be “seen.” Some symptoms might be present right away. Other symptoms can show up hours or days after an injury.	
	I will tell my parents, my coach, and/or a medical professional about my injuries and illnesses.	N/A
	If I think a teammate has a concussion, I should tell my coach(es), parents, or licensed health care professional about the concussion.	N/A
	I will not return to play in a game or practice if a hit to my head or body causes any concussion-related symptoms.	N/A
	I will/my child will need written permission from a licensed health care professional to return to play or practice after a concussion.	
	After a concussion, the brain needs time to heal. I understand that I am/my child is much more likely to have another concussion or more serious brain injury if return to play or practice occurs before concussion symptoms go away.	
	Sometimes, repeat concussions can cause serious and long-lasting problems.	
	I have read the concussion symptoms on the Concussion fact sheet.	

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Student-Athlete

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Parent/Legal Custodian

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury, or TBI, caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head that can change the way your brain normally works. Concussions can also occur from a blow to the body that causes the head to move rapidly back and forth. Even a “ding,” “getting your bell rung,” or what seems to be mild bump or blow to the head can be serious. Concussions can occur in any sport or recreation activity. So, all coaches, parents, and athletes need to learn concussion signs and symptoms and what to do if a concussion occurs.

## SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION

SIGNS OBSERVED BY PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY YOUR CHILD OR TEEN	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Appears dazed or stunned</li> <li>•Is confused about events</li> <li>•Answers questions slowly</li> <li>•Repeats questions</li> <li>•Can’t recall events prior to the hit, bump, or fall</li> <li>•Can’t recall events after the hit, bump, or fall</li> <li>•Loses consciousness (even briefly)</li> <li>•Shows behavior or personality changes</li> <li>•Forgets class schedule or assignments</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Thinking/Remembering:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Difficulty thinking clearly</li> <li>•Difficulty concentrating or remembering</li> <li>•Feeling more slowed down</li> <li>•Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Physical:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Headache or “pressure” in head</li> <li>•Nausea or vomiting</li> <li>•Balance problems or dizziness</li> <li>•Fatigue or feeling tired</li> <li>•Blurry or double vision</li> <li>•Sensitivity to light or noise</li> <li>•Numbness or tingling</li> <li>•Does not “feel right”</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Emotional:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Irritable</li> <li>•Sad</li> <li>•More emotional than usual</li> <li>•Nervous</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Sleep*:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Drowsy</li> <li>•Sleeps less than usual</li> <li>•Sleeps more than usual</li> <li>•Has trouble falling asleep</li> </ul> <p><i>*Only ask about sleep symptoms if the injury occurred on a prior day.</i></p>

## LINKS TO OTHER RESOURCES

- CDC –Concussion in Sports
  - <http://www.cdc.gov/concussion/sports/index.html>
- National Federation of State High School Association/ Concussion in Sports - What You Need To Know
  - [www.nfhslearn.com](http://www.nfhslearn.com)
- Montana High School Association – Sports Medicine Page
  - <http://www.mhsa.org/SportsMedicine/SportsMed.htm>

# A Fact Sheet for **ATHLETES**

## **WHAT IS A CONCUSSION?**

A concussion is a brain injury that:

- Is caused by a bump or blow to the head
- Can change the way your brain normally works
- Can occur during practices or games in any sport
- Can happen even if you haven't been knocked out
- Can be serious even if you've just been "dinged"

## **WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION?**

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Bothered by light
- Bothered by noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Difficulty paying attention
- Memory problems
- Confusion
- Does not "feel right"

## **WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I THINK I HAVE A CONCUSSION?**

- **Tell your coaches and your parents.** Never ignore a bump or blow to the head even if you feel fine. Also, tell your coach if one of your teammates might have a concussion.

- **Get a medical checkup.** A doctor or health care professional can tell you if you have a concussion and when you are OK to return to play.
- **Give yourself time to get better.** If you have had a concussion, your brain needs time to heal. While your brain is still healing, you are much more likely to have a second concussion. Second or later concussions can cause damage to your brain. It is important to rest until you get approval from a doctor or health care professional to return to play.

## **HOW CAN I PREVENT A CONCUSSION?**

Every sport is different, but there are steps you can take to protect yourself.

- Follow your coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Use the proper sports equipment, including personal protective equipment (such as helmets, padding, shin guards, and eye and mouth guards). In order for equipment to protect you, it must be:

- > The right equipment for the game, position, or activity
- > Worn correctly and fit well
- > Used every time you play

**Remember, when in doubt, sit them out!**  
**It's better to miss one game than the whole season.**

# A Fact Sheet for PARENTS

## WHAT IS A CONCUSSION?

A concussion is a brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump or blow to the head. Even a “ding,” “getting your bell rung,” or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days or weeks after the injury. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, seek medical attention right away.

## WHAT ARE THE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION?

### Signs Observed by Parents or Guardians

*If your child has experienced a bump or blow to the head during a game or practice, look for any of the following signs and symptoms of a concussion:*

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about assignment or position
- Forgets an instruction
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily • Answers questions slowly
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Can't recall events prior to hit or fall
- Can't recall events after hit or fall

### Symptoms Reported by Athlete

- Headache or “pressure” in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Sensitivity to light
- Sensitivity to noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- Does not “feel right”

## HOW CAN YOU HELP YOUR CHILD PREVENT A CONCUSSION?

Every sport is different, but there are steps your children can take to protect themselves from concussion.

- Ensure that they follow their coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for their activity (such as helmets, padding, shin guards, and eye and mouth guards). Protective equipment should fit properly, be well maintained, and be worn consistently and correctly.
- Learn the signs and symptoms of a concussion.

## WHAT SHOULD YOU DO IF YOU THINK YOUR CHILD HAS A CONCUSSION?

**1. Seek medical attention right away.** A health care professional will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child to return to sports.

**2. Keep your child out of play.** Concussions take time to heal. Don't let your child return to play until a health care professional says it's OK. Children who return to play too soon—while the brain is still healing—risk a greater chance of having a second concussion. Second or later concussions can be very serious. They can cause permanent brain damage, affecting your child for a lifetime.

**3. Tell your child's coach about any recent concussion.** Coaches should know if your child had a recent concussion in ANY sport. Your child's coach may not know about a concussion your child received in another sport or activity unless you tell the coach.

Remember, when in doubt, sit them out!

It's better to miss one game than the whole season.

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

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#### Administering Medicines to Students

“Medication” means prescribed drugs and medical devices that are controlled by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and are ordered by a healthcare provider. It includes over-the-counter medications prescribed through a standing order by the school physician or prescribed by the student’s healthcare provider.

A building principal or other administrator may authorize, in writing, any school employee:

To assist in self-administration of any drug that may lawfully be sold over the counter without a prescription to a student in compliance with the written instructions and with the written consent of a student’s parent or guardian; and

To assist in self-administration of a prescription drug to a student in compliance with written instructions of a medical practitioner and with the written consent of a student’s parent or guardian.

Except in an emergency situation, only a qualified healthcare professional may administer a drug or a prescription drug to a student under this policy. Diagnosis and treatment of illness and the prescribing of drugs are never the responsibility of a school employee and should not be practiced by any school personnel.

#### Administering Medication

The Board will permit administration of medication to students in schools in its jurisdiction. A school nurse (who has successfully completed specific training in administration of medication), pursuant to written authorization of a physician or dentist and that of a parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardian, may administer medication to any student in the school or may delegate this task pursuant to Montana law.

#### Emergency Administration of Medication

In case of an anaphylactic reaction or risk of such reaction, a school nurse or delegate may administer emergency oral or injectable medication to any student in need thereof on school grounds, in a school building, or at a school function, according to a standing order of a chief medical advisor or a student’s private physician.

In the absence of a school nurse, an administrator or designated staff member exempt from the nurse license requirement under § 37-8-103(1)(c), MCA, who has completed training in administration of medication, may give emergency medication to students orally or by injection.

The Board requires that there must be on record a medically diagnosed allergic condition that would require prompt treatment to protect a student from serious harm or death.

A building administrator or school nurse will enter any medication to be administered in an emergency on an individual student medication record and will file it in a student's cumulative health folder.

### Self-Administration of Medication

The District will permit students who are able to self-administer specific medication to do so provided that:

- A physician or dentist provides a written order for self-administration of said medication;
- Written authorization for self-administration of medication from a student's parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardian is on file; and
- A principal and appropriate teachers are informed that a student is self-administering prescribed medication.

A building principal or school administrator may authorize, in writing, any employee to assist with self-administration of medications, provided that only the following may be employed:

- Making oral suggestions, prompting, reminding, gesturing, or providing a written guide for self-administering medications;
- Handing to a student a prefilled, labeled medication holder or a labeled unit dose container, syringe, or original marked and labeled container from a pharmacy;
- Opening the lid of a container for a student;
- Guiding the hand of a student to self-administer a medication;
- Holding and assisting a student in drinking fluid to assist in the swallowing of oral medications; and
- Assisting with removal of a medication from a container for a student with a physical disability that prevents independence in the act.

### Self-Administration or Possession of Asthma, Severe Allergy, or Anaphylaxis Medication

Students with allergies or asthma may be authorized by the building principal or Superintendent, in consultation with medical personnel, to possess and self-administer emergency medication during the school day, during field trips, school-sponsored events, or while on a school bus. The student shall be authorized to possess and self-administer medication if the following conditions have been met:

- A written and signed authorization from the parents, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardians for self-administration of medication, acknowledging that the District or its employees are not liable for injury that results from the student self-administering the medication.
- The student must have the prior written approval of his/her primary healthcare provider. The written notice from the student's primary care provider must specify the name and purpose of the medication, the prescribed dosage, frequency with which it may be administered, and the circumstances that may warrant its use.

- Documentation that the student has demonstrated to the healthcare practitioner and the school nurse, if available, the skill level necessary to use and administer the medication.
- Documentation of a doctor-formulated written treatment plan for managing asthma, severe allergies, or anaphylaxis episodes of the student and for medication use by the student during school hours.

Authorization granted to a student to possess and self-administer medication shall be valid for the current school year only and must be renewed annually.

A student's authorization to possess and self-administer medication may be limited or revoked by the building principal or other administrative personnel.

If provided by the parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardian, and in accordance with documentation provided by the student's doctor, backup medication must be kept at a student's school in a predetermined location or locations to which the student has access in the event of an asthma, severe allergy, or anaphylaxis emergency.

Immediately after using epinephrine during school hours, a student shall report to the school nurse or other adult at the school who shall provide follow up care, including making a 9-1-1 emergency call.

#### Administration of Glucagons

School employees may voluntarily agree to administer glucagons to a student pursuant to § 20-5-412, MCA, only under the following conditions: (1) the employee may administer glucagon to a diabetic student only in an emergency situation; (2) the employee has filed the necessary designation and acceptance documentation with the District, as required by § 20-5-412(2), MCA, and (3) the employee has filed the necessary written documentation of training with the District, as required by § 20-5-412(4), MCA.

#### Handling and Storage of Medications

The Board requires that all medications, including those approved for keeping by students for self-medication, be first delivered by a parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or other responsible adult to a nurse or employee assisting with self-administration of medication. A nurse or assistant:

- Must examine any new medication to ensure it is properly labeled with dates, name of student, medication name, dosage, and physician's name;
- Must develop a medication administration plan, if administration is necessary for a student, before any medication is given by school personnel;
- Must record on the student's individual medication record the date a medication is delivered and the amount of medication received;
- Must store medication requiring refrigeration at 36° to 46° F;
- Must store prescribed medicinal preparations in a securely locked storage compartment; and
- Must store controlled substances in a separate compartment, secured and locked at all times.

The District will permit only a forty-five-(45)-school-day supply of a medication for a student to be stored at a school; and all medications, prescription and nonprescription, will be stored in their original containers.

The District will limit access to all stored medication to those persons authorized to administer medications or to assist in the self-administration of medications. The District requires every school to maintain a current list of those persons authorized by delegation from a licensed nurse to administer medications.

The District may maintain a stock supply of auto-injectable epinephrine to be administered by a school nurse or other authorized personnel to any student or nonstudent as needed for actual or perceived anaphylaxis. If the district intends to obtain an order for emergency use of epinephrine in a school setting or at related activities, the district shall adhere to the requirements stated in 20-5-420, Section 2, MCA.

#### Disposal of Medication

The District requires school personnel either to return to a parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardian or, with permission of the parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardian, to destroy any unused, discontinued, or obsolete medication. A school nurse, in the presence of a witness, will destroy any medicine not repossessed by a parent or guardian within a seven-(7)-day period of notification by school authorities.

Legal Reference:	§ 20-5-412, MCA	Definition – parent-designated adult administration of glucagons – training
	§ 20-5-420, MCA	Self-administration or possession of asthma, severe allergy, or anaphylaxis medication
	§ 37-8-103(1)(c), MCA	Exemptions – limitations on authority conferred
	ARM 24.159.1604	Tasks Which May Be Routinely Assigned to an Unlicensed Person in Any Setting When a Nurse-Patient Relationship Exists

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on:

Revised on: July 9, 2007

Revised on: July 15, 2013

3416F

**Montana Authorization to Carry and Self-Administer Medication**

For this student to carry and self-administer medication on school grounds or for school sponsored activities, this form must be fully completed by the prescribing physician/provider and an authorizing parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or legal guardian.

Student's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

School: \_\_\_\_\_

Sex: (Please circle) Female/Male

City/Town: \_\_\_\_\_

Birth Date: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

School Year: \_\_\_\_\_(Renew each year)

**Physician's Authorization:**

The above named student has my authorization to carry and self administer the following medication:

Medication: (1) \_\_\_\_\_

Dosage: (1) \_\_\_\_\_

(2) \_\_\_\_\_

(2) \_\_\_\_\_

Reason for prescription(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Medication(s) to be used under the following conditions: \_\_\_\_\_

I confirm that this student has been instructed in the proper use of this medication and is able to self-administer this medication on his own with out school personnel supervision. I have provided a written treatment plan for managing asthma, severe allergies, or anaphylaxis episodes and for medication use by this student during school hours and school activities.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Physician

\_\_\_\_\_  
Physician's Phone Number

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

*Backup Medication – The law provides that if a child's health care provider prescribes "backup" medication to be kept at the school, it must be kept in a predetermined location, known to the child, parent, and school staff.*

*The following backup medication has been provided for this student: \_\_\_\_\_*

**For Completion by Parent, an individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or Guardian**

As the parent, individual who has executed a caretaker relative educational authorization affidavit, or guardian of the above named student, I confirm that this student has been instructed by his/her health care provider on the proper use of this/these medication(s). He/she has demonstrated to me that he/she understands the proper use of this medication. He/she is physically, mentally, and behaviorally capable to assume this responsibility. He/she has my permission to self-medicate as listed above, if needed. If he/she has used an auto-injectable epinephrine, he/she understands the need to alert an adult that emergency medical personnel need to be called. If he/she has used his/her asthma inhaler as prescribed and does not have relief from an asthma attack, he/she is to alert an adult.

I also acknowledge that the school district or nonpublic school may not incur liability as a result of any injury arising from the self-administration of medication by the student and that I shall indemnify and hold harmless the school district or nonpublic school and its employees and agents against any claims, except a claim based on an act or omission that is the result of gross negligence, willful and wanton conduct, or an intentional tort.

I agree to also work with the school in establishing a plan for use and storage of backup medication if prescribed, as above, by my child's physician. This will include a predetermined location to keep backup medication to which my child has access in the event of an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency.

Authorization is hereby granted to release this information to appropriate school personnel and classroom teachers.

I understand that in the event the medication dosage is altered, a new “self-administration form” must be completed, or the physician may rewrite the order on his prescription pad and I, the parent/guardian, will sign the new form and assure the new order is attached.

I understand it is my responsibility to pick up any unused medication at the end of the school year, and the medication that is not picked up will be disposed of.

Parent/Guardian, caretaker relative Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: -

\_\_\_\_\_

*(Original signed authorization to the school; a copy of the signed authorization to the parent/guardian and health care provider)*

## Malta School District

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#### Communicable Diseases

*Note: For purposes of this policy, the term “communicable disease” refers to the diseases identified in 16.28.202, ARM, Reportable Diseases, with the exception of common colds and flu.*

In all proceedings related to this policy, the District will respect a student’s right to privacy. Although the District is required to provide educational services to all school-age children who reside within its boundaries, it may deny attendance at school to any child diagnosed as having a communicable disease that could make a child’s attendance harmful to the welfare of other students. The District also may deny attendance to a child with suppressed immunity in order to protect the welfare of that child when others in a school have an infectious disease, which, although not normally life threatening, could be life threatening to a child with suppressed immunity.

The Board recognizes that communicable diseases that may afflict students range from common childhood diseases, acute and short-term in nature, to chronic, life-threatening diseases such as human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. The District will rely on advice of the public health and medical communities in assessing the risk of transmission of various communicable diseases to determine how best to protect the health of both students and staff.

The District will manage common communicable diseases in accordance with Montana Department of Health guidelines and communicable diseases control rules. The District may temporarily exclude from school attendance a student who exhibits symptoms of a communicable disease that is readily transmitted in a school setting.

Students who complain of illness at school may be referred to the building administrator or other responsible person designated by the Board and may be sent home as soon as a parent or person designated on a student’s emergency medical authorization form has been notified. The District reserves the right to require a statement from a student’s primary care provider authorizing a student’s return to school.

When information is received by a staff member or a volunteer that a student is afflicted with a serious communicable disease, a staff member or volunteer will promptly notify the building administrator or other responsible person designated by the Board to determine appropriate measures to be taken to protect student and staff health and safety. The building administrator or other responsible person designated by the Board, after consultation with and on advice of public health officials, will determine which additional staff members, if any, have need to know of the affected student’s condition.

Only those persons with direct responsibility for the care of a student or for determining appropriate educational accommodation will be informed of the specific nature of a condition, if

it is determined that such individuals need to know this information.

Upon knowledge, the District may notify parents of other children attending a school that their children have been exposed to a communicable disease without identifying the particular student who has the disease.

Legal Reference: 37.114.101, et seq., ARM Communicable Disease Control

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

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#### Emergency Treatment

The Board recognizes that schools are responsible for providing first aid or emergency treatment to a student in case of sudden illness or injury; however, further medical attention is the responsibility of a parent or guardian.

The District requires that every parent or guardian provide a telephone number where a parent or designee of a parent may be reached in case of an emergency.

When a student is injured, staff will provide immediate care and attention until relieved by a superior, a nurse, or a doctor. The District will employ its normal procedures to address medical emergencies without regard to the existence of a do not resuscitate (DNR) request, as such DNR requests do not apply to school-based programming or eventualities attendant thereto. A principal or designated staff member will immediately call a parent or parental designee so that the parent may arrange for care or treatment of an injured student.

When a student develops symptoms of illness while at school, a responsible school official will do the following:

Immediately isolate the student from other children to a room or area segregated for that purpose;

Inform a parent or guardian as soon as possible about the illness and request a parent or guardian to pick up the child; and

Report each case of suspected communicable disease the same day by telephone to a local health authority or as soon as possible thereafter if a health authority cannot be reached the same day.

When a parent or guardian cannot be reached, and it is the judgment of a principal or other person in charge that immediate medical attention is required, an injured student may be taken directly to a hospital and treated by a physician on call. Once located, a parent or a guardian is responsible for continuing treatment or for making other arrangements.

Legal Reference:      ARM 37.111.825      Health Supervision and Maintenance

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## **Malta School District**

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#### Removal of Student During School Day

The Board recognizes its responsibility for the proper care of students during a school day. In accordance with District procedures, only a duly authorized person may remove a student from school grounds, any school building, or school function during a school day. A person seeking to remove a student from school must present evidence satisfactory to a principal of having proper authority to remove a student. A teacher should not excuse a student from class to confer with anyone unless a request is approved by a principal. The Superintendent will establish procedures for removal of a student during a school day.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:



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3510

#### School-Sponsored Student Activities

1. Student Organizations:
  - a. All student organizations must be approved by the administration. Secret or clandestine organizations or groups will not be permitted.
  - b. Bylaws and rules of student organizations must not be contrary to Board policy or to administrative rules and regulations.
  - c. Procedures in student organizations must follow generally accepted democratic practices in the acceptance of members and nomination and election of officers.
  
2. Social Events
  - a. Social events must have prior approval of the administration.
  - b. Social events must be held in school facilities unless approved by the Board.
  - c. Social events must be chaperoned at all times.
  - d. Attendance at high school social events and dances shall be limited to high school students, and middle school social events shall be limited to middle school students, unless prior permission is received from the principal.
  
3. Extracurricular Activities
  - a. Academic and behavior eligibility rules are established by MHSAA rules and District policy.
  - b. Any student convicted of a criminal offense may, at the discretion of school officials, become ineligible for such a period of time as the school officials may decide.
  - c. In establishing an interscholastic program, the Board directs the administration to:
    - i. Open all sports to all students enrolled in the District, with an equal opportunity for participation.
    - ii. Recommend sports activities based on interest inventories completed by the students.

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**STUDENTS**

Student Fees, Fines, and Charges

Within the concept of free public education, the District will provide an educational program for students as free of costs as possible.

The Board may charge a student a reasonable fee for any course or activity not reasonably related to a recognized academic and educational goal of the District or for any course or activity taking place outside normal school functions. The Board may waive fees in cases of financial hardship.

The Board delegates authority to the administration to establish appropriate fees and procedures governing collection of fees and asks the administration to make annual reports to the Board regarding fee schedules. The Board also may require fees for actual cost of breakage and for excessive supplies used in commercial, industrial arts, music, domestic science, science, or agriculture courses.

The District holds a student responsible for the cost of replacing materials or property that are lost or damaged because of negligence. A building administrator will notify a student and parent regarding the nature of violation or damage, how restitution may be made, and how an appeal may be instituted. The District may withhold a student’s grades or diploma until restitution is made. A student or parent may appeal the imposition of a charge for damages to the Superintendent and to the Board.

Legal reference:	§ 20-5-201, MCA	Duties and sanctions
	§ 20-7-601, MCA	Free textbook provisions
	§ 20-9-214, MCA	Fees

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

## Malta School District

### STUDENTS

3600

#### Student Records

School student records are confidential, and information from them will not be released other than as provided by law. State and federal laws grant students and parents certain rights, including the right to inspect, copy, and challenge school records.

The District will ensure information contained in student records is current, accurate, clear, and relevant. All information maintained concerning a student receiving special education services will be directly related to the provision of services to that child. The District may release directory information as permitted by law, but parents will have the right to object to release of information regarding their child. Military recruiters and institutions of higher education may request and receive the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all high school students, unless the parent(s) notifies the school not to release this information.

The Superintendent will implement this policy and state and federal law with administrative procedures. The Superintendent or designee will inform staff members of this policy and inform students and their parents of it, as well as of their rights regarding student school records.

Each student's permanent file, as defined by the board of public education, must be permanently kept in a secure location. Other student records must be maintained and destroyed as provided in 20-1-212, MCA.

Legal Reference:      Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g; 34 C.F.R. 99  
                                 § 20-1-212, MCA      Destruction of records by school officer.  
                                 § 20-5-201, MCA      Duties and sanctions  
                                 § 40-4-225, MCA      Access to records by parent  
                                 10.55.909, ARM      Student Records  
                                 No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, P.L. 107-334

#### Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Reviewed on:

Revised on: July 15, 2013

## Malta School District

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#### Student Records

#### Notification to Parents and Students of Rights Concerning a Student's School Records

*This notification may be distributed by any means likely to reach the parent(s)/guardian(s).*

The District will maintain two (2) sets of school records for each student: a permanent record and a cumulative record. The permanent record will include:

- Basic identifying information
- Academic work completed (transcripts)
- Level of achievement (grades, standardized achievement tests)
- Immunization records (per § 20-5-506, MCA)
- Attendance record
- Record of any disciplinary action taken against the student, which is educationally related

The cumulative record may include:

- Intelligence and aptitude scores
- Psychological reports
- Participation in extracurricular activities
- Honors and awards
- Teacher anecdotal records
- Verified reports or information from non-educational persons
- Verified information of clear relevance to the student's education
- Information pertaining to release of this record
- Disciplinary information

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords parents/guardians and students over eighteen (18) years of age ("eligible students") certain rights with respect to the student's education records. They are:

1. **The right to inspect and copy the student's education records, within a reasonable time from the day the District receives a request for access.**

Students less than eighteen (18) years of age have the right to inspect and copy their permanent record. Parents/guardians or students should submit to the school principal (or appropriate school official) a written request identifying the record(s) they wish to inspect. The principal will make, within forty-five (45) days, arrangements for access and notify the parent(s)/ guardian(s) or eligible student of the time and place the records may be inspected. The District charges a nominal fee for copying, but no one will be denied their right to copies of their records for inability to pay this cost.

The rights contained in this section are denied to any person against whom an order of protection has been entered concerning a student.

2. **The right to request amendment of the student's education records which the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student believes are inaccurate, misleading, irrelevant, or improper.**

Parents/guardians or eligible students may ask the District to amend a record they believe is inaccurate, misleading, irrelevant, or improper. They should write the school principal or records custodian, clearly identifying the part of the record they want changed, and specify the reason.

If the District decides not to amend the record as requested by the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student, the District will notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student of the decision and advise him or her of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.

3. **The right to permit disclosure of personally identifiable information contained in the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA or state law authorizes disclosure without consent.**

Disclosure is permitted without consent to school officials with legitimate educational or administrative interests. A school official is a person employed by the District as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); a person serving on the Board; a person or company with whom the District has contracted to perform a special task (such as contractors, attorneys, auditors, consultants, or therapists); volunteers; other outside parties to whom an educational agency or institution has outsourced institutional services or functions that it would otherwise use employees to perform; or a parent(s)/guardian(s) or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest, if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility.

Upon request, the District discloses education records, without consent, to officials of another school district in which a student has enrolled or intends to enroll, as well as to any person as specifically required by state or federal law. Before information is released to individuals described in this paragraph, the parent(s)/guardian(s) will receive written notice of the nature and substance of the information and an opportunity to inspect, copy, and challenge such records. The right to challenge school student records

does not apply to: (1) academic grades of their child, and (2) references to expulsions or out-of-school suspensions, if the challenge is made at the time the student's school student records are forwarded to another school to which the student is transferring.

Disclosure is also permitted without consent to: any person for research, statistical reporting, or planning, provided that no student or parent(s)/guardian(s) can be identified; any person named in a court order; and appropriate persons if the knowledge of such information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons.

4. **The right to a copy of any school student record proposed to be destroyed or deleted.**
5. **The right to prohibit the release of directory information concerning the parent's/guardian's child.**

Throughout the school year, the District may release directory information regarding students, limited to:

Student's name  
Address  
Telephone listing  
Electronic mail address  
Photograph (including electronic version)  
Date and place of birth  
Major field of study  
Dates of attendance  
Grade level  
Enrollment status (e.g., undergraduate or graduate; full-time or part-time)  
Participation in officially recognized activities and sports  
Weight and height of members of athletic teams  
Degrees  
Honors and awards received  
Most recent educational agency or institution attended

*Any parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student may prohibit the release of any or all of the above information by delivering written objection to the building principal within ten (10) days of the date of this notice. No directory information will be released within this time period, unless the parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible student are specifically informed otherwise. When a student transfers, leaves the District, or graduates, the school must continue to honor a decision to opt-out, unless the parent or student rescinds the decision.*

6. **The right to request that information not be released to military recruiters and/or institutions of higher education.**

Pursuant to federal law, the District is required to release the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all high school students to military recruiters and institutions of higher education upon request.

Parent(s)/guardian(s) or eligible students may request that the District not release this information, and the District will comply with the request.

7. **The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education, concerning alleged failures by the District to comply with the requirements of FERPA.**

The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is:

Family Policy Compliance Office  
U.S. Department of Education  
400 Maryland Avenue, SW  
Washington, DC 20202-4605



## **Malta School District**

### **STUDENTS**

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#### Student Records

#### Maintenance of School Student Records

The District maintains two (2) sets of school records for each student – a permanent record and a cumulative record.

The permanent record will include:

- Basic identifying information
- Academic work completed (transcripts)
- Level of achievement (grades, standardized achievement tests)
- Immunization records (per § 20-5-406, MCA)
- Attendance record
- Record of any disciplinary action taken against the student, which is educationally related

Each student's permanent file, as defined by the board of public education, must be permanently kept in a secure location.

The cumulative record may include:

- Intelligence and aptitude scores
- Psychological reports
- Participation in extracurricular activities
- Honors and awards
- Teacher anecdotal records
- Verified reports or information from non-educational persons
- Verified information of clear relevance to the student's education
- Information pertaining to release of this record
- Disciplinary information
- Camera footage only for those students directly involved in the incident

Information in the permanent record will indicate authorship and date and will be maintained in perpetuity for every student who has been enrolled in the District. Cumulative records will be maintained for eight (8) years after the student graduates or permanently leaves the District. Cumulative records which may be of continued assistance to a student with disabilities, who graduates or permanently withdraws from the District, may, after five (5) years, be transferred to the parents or to the student if the student has succeeded to the rights of the parents.

The building principal will be responsible for maintenance, retention, or destruction of a student's permanent or cumulative records, in accordance with District procedure established by the Superintendent.

#### Access to Student Records

The District will grant access to student records as follows:

1. The District or any District employee will not release, disclose, or grant access to information found in any student record except under the conditions set forth in this document.
2. The parents of a student under eighteen (18) years of age will be entitled to inspect and copy information in the child's school records. Such requests will be made in writing and directed to the records custodian. A parent of any student is allowed to view the footage but is not permitted to receive a copy unless the parents of the other involved students provide consent. Consent from parents of students in the background is not required. Access to the records will be granted within fifteen (15) days of the District's receipt of such request.

Where the parents are divorced or separated, both will be permitted to inspect and copy the student's school records, unless a court order indicates otherwise. The District will send copies of the following to both parents at either one's request, unless a court order indicates otherwise:

- a. Academic progress reports or records;
- b. Health reports;
- c. Notices of parent-teacher conferences;
- d. School calendars distributed to parents/guardians; and
- e. Notices about open houses and other major school events, including student-parent interaction.

When the student reaches eighteen (18) years of age, graduates from high school, marries, or enters military service, all rights and privileges accorded to the parent become exclusively those of the student.

Access will not be granted to the parent or the student to confidential letters and recommendations concerning admission to a post-secondary educational institution, applications for employment, or receipt of an honor or award, if the student has waived his or her right of access after being advised of his or her right to obtain the names of all persons making such confidential letters or statements.

3. The District may grant access to or release information from student records without prior written consent to school officials with a legitimate educational interest in the information. A school official is a person employed by the District in an administrative, supervisory, academic, or support staff position (including, but not limited to administrators, teachers, counselors, paraprofessionals, coaches, and bus drivers ), and the board of trustees. A school official may also include a volunteer or contractor not employed by the District but who performs an educational service or function for which the District would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the direct control of the District with respect to the use and maintenance of personally identifying information from education records, or such other third parties under contract with the District to provide professional services related to the District's educational mission, including, but not limited to, attorneys and auditors. A school official has a legitimate educational interest in student education information when the official needs the information in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibilities for the

District. Access by school officials to student education information will be restricted to that portion of a student's records necessary for the school official to perform or accomplish their official or professional duties.

4. The District may grant access to or release information from student records without parental consent or notification to any person, for the purpose of research, statistical reporting, or planning, provided that no student or parent can be identified from the information released, and the person to whom the information is released signs an affidavit agreeing to comply with all applicable statutes and rules pertaining to school student records.
5. The District may grant release of a child's education records to child welfare agencies without the prior written consent of the parents.
6. The District will grant access to or release information from a student's records pursuant to a court order, upon receipt of such order, of its terms, the nature and substance of the information proposed to be released, and an opportunity to inspect and copy such records and to challenge their contents.
7. The District will grant access to or release information from any student record, as specifically required by federal or state statute.
8. The District will grant access to or release information from student records to any person possessing a written, dated consent, signed by the parent or eligible student, with particularity as to whom the records may be released, the information or record to be released, and reason for the release. One (1) copy of the consent form will be kept in the records, and one (1) copy will be mailed to the parent or eligible student by the Superintendent. Whenever the District requests consent to release certain records, the records custodian will inform the parent or eligible student of the right to limit such consent to specific portions of information in the records.
9. The District may release student records to the superintendent or an official with similar responsibilities in a school in which the student has enrolled or intends to enroll, upon written request from such official. School officials may also include those listed in #3 above.
10. Prior to release of any records or information under items 5, 6, 7, and 8, above, the District will provide prompt written notice to the parents or eligible student of this intended action. This notification will include a statement concerning the nature and substance of the records to be released and the right to inspect, copy, and challenge the contents.
11. The District may release student records or information in connection with an emergency, without parental consent, if the knowledge of such information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons. The records custodian will make this decision, taking into consideration the nature of the emergency, the seriousness of the threat to the health and safety of the student or other persons, the need for such records to meet the emergency, and whether the persons to whom such records are released are in a position to deal with the emergency. The District will notify the parents or eligible student, as soon as

possible, of the information released, date of the release, the person, agency, or organization to whom the release was made, and the purpose of the release.

12. The District may disclose, without parental consent, student records or information to the youth court and law enforcement authorities, pertaining to violations of the Montana Youth Court Act or criminal laws by the student.
13. The District will comply with an *ex parte* order requiring it to permit the U.S. Attorney General or designee to have access to a student's school records without notice to or consent of the student's parent(s)/guardian(s).
14. The District charges a nominal fee for copying information in the student's records. No parent or student will be precluded from copying information because of financial hardship.
15. A record of all releases of information from student records (including all instances of access granted, whether or not records were copied) will be kept and maintained as part of such records. This record will be maintained for the life of the student record and will be accessible only to the parent or eligible student, records custodian, or other person. The record of release will include:
  - a. Information released or made accessible.
  - b. Name and signature of the records custodian.
  - c. Name and position of the person obtaining the release or access.
  - d. Date of release or grant of access.
  - e. Copy of any consent to such release.

### Directory Information

The District may release certain directory information regarding students, except that parents may prohibit such a release. Directory information will be limited to:

Student's name  
Address  
Telephone listing  
Electronic mail address  
Photograph (including electronic version)  
Date and place of birth  
Major field of study  
Dates of attendance  
Grade level  
Enrollment status (e.g., undergraduate or graduate; full-time or part-time)  
Participation in officially recognized activities and sports  
Weight and height of members of athletic teams  
Degrees  
Honors and awards received  
Most recent educational agency or institution attended

The notification to parents and students concerning school records will inform them of their right to object to the release of directory information.

#### Military Recruiters/Institutions of Higher Education

Pursuant to federal law, the District is required to release the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all high school students to military recruiters and institutions of higher education upon request. The notification to parents and students concerning school records will inform them of their right to object to the release of this information.

#### Student Record Challenges

The parents may challenge the accuracy, relevancy, or propriety of the records, except: (1) grades, and (2) references to expulsions or out-of-school suspensions, if the challenge is made when the student's school records are being forwarded to another school. They have the right to request a hearing at which each party has:

- The right to present evidence and to call witnesses;
- The right to cross-examine witnesses;
- The right to counsel;
- The right to a written statement of any decision and the reasons therefor;
- The right to appeal an adverse decision to an administrative tribunal or official, to be established or designated by the State Board.

The parents may insert a written statement of reasonable length describing their position on disputed information. The school will include the statement in any release of the information in dispute.

Legal Reference:	Family Education Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (2011); 34 C.F.R. 99 (2011)
	§ 20-5-201, MCA      Duties and sanctions
	§ 40-4-225, MCA      Access to records by parent
	§ 41-5-215, MCA      Youth court and department records – notification of school
	10.55.909, ARM      Student records

#### Procedure History:

Promulgated on:      August 2, 2005  
Reviewed on:  
Revised on:          July 13, 2013

**Malta School District**

**STUDENTS**

3606

Transfer of Student Records

The District will forward by mail or by electronic means a certified copy of a permanent or cumulative file of any student and a file of special education records of any student to a local educational agency or accredited school in which a student seeks to or intends to enroll within five (5) working days after receipt of a written or electronic request. The files to be forwarded must include education records in a permanent file – that is, name and address of a student, name of parent or legal guardian, date of birth, academic work completed, level of achievement (grades, standardized tests), immunization records, special education records, and any disciplinary actions taken against a student that are educationally related.

When the District cannot transfer records within five (5) days, will notify a requestor, in writing or electronically, and will provide reasons why the District is unable to comply with a five-(5)-day time period. The District also will include in that notice the date by which requested records will be transferred. The District will not refuse to transfer records because a student owes fines or fees.

Cross Reference:     3413             Student Immunization  
                          3600 - 3600P   Student Records  
                          3606F             Records Certification

Legal Reference:     § 20-1-213, MCA     Transfer of school records

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**RECORDS CERTIFICATION**

I, (name of custodian of records), the duly appointed custodian of records for the Malta School District No. 14A, Phillips County, State of Montana, pursuant to § 20-1-213, MCA, do hereby certify that the attached is a true and correct copy of the student records of (name of student), maintained in my possession and under my control.

DATED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_.

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Custodian of Records  
Malta School District No. 14A

( S E A L )

**STUDENTS**

3608

Receipt of Confidential Records

Pursuant to Montana law, the District may receive case records of the Department of Public Health and Human Services and its local affiliate, the county welfare department, the county attorney, and the court concerning actions taken and all records concerning reports of child abuse and neglect. The District will keep these records confidential as required by law and will not include them in a student's permanent file.

The Board authorizes the individuals listed below to receive information with respect to a District student who is a client of the Department of Public Health and Human Services:

- Superintendent
- Building administrator
- Guidance counselor

When the District receives information pursuant to law, the Superintendent will prevent unauthorized dissemination of that information.

Cross Reference: 3600 - 3600P Student Records

Legal Reference: § 41-3-205, MCA Confidentiality – disclosure exceptions

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**STUDENTS**

District-Provided Access to Electronic Information, Services, and Networks

General

Internet access is available to the District's students, faculty, and community members. Through its computer network, the District is connected with thousands of computers all over the world. The District recognizes that new technologies are shifting the ways information may be accessed, communicated, and transferred. Those changes may also alter instruction and student learning.

Along with access to computers and people all over the world comes availability of materials that may not be considered appropriate in the classroom. However, on a global network it is impossible to control all materials. Ultimately, school staff, parents and guardians of minors are responsible for setting and conveying the standards students should follow when using media and information sources.

Student Rules and Responsibilities

Students are responsible for good behavior on school computer networks, just as they are in a classroom or on other school grounds. The same general rules for behavior and communications apply. The District provides filtering software for computers accessing the Internet.

The Internet is provided for students to conduct research and communicate with others in relation to schoolwork. Communications are often public in nature, and access to network services is given to students who agree to act in a considerate and responsible manner.

**Access is a privilege, not a right.** Therefore, based on the acceptable-use guidelines outlined in this document, the system administrators will deem what is inappropriate use. The system administrators may close an account at any time. The administration, faculty, and staff of the District may deny, revoke, or suspend specific user accounts.

Individual users are responsible for their use of the network. The use of their account must be in support of education and research and must be consistent with academic expectations of the District. Use of other organizations' networks or computing resources must comply with rules appropriate for that network. Transmission of any material in violation of U.S. or state regulations, including copyrighted, threatening, or obscene materials, is prohibited. Use for commercial activities by for-profit organizations, product promotion, political lobbying, or illegal activities is strictly prohibited.

Acceptable Uses

District students are expected to abide by the following rules regarding appropriate network and

Internet use and etiquette:

- Do not write or send abusive messages.
- Use appropriate language. Do not swear or use vulgarities or any other inappropriate language.
- Use of the District network and the Internet is for educational purposes only. Transmission of obscene materials is prohibited. Sending or receiving offensive messages or pictures from any source will result in immediate suspension of privileges.
- Do not reveal the personal address or phone number of yourself or other students.
- Students will not use the District computer network to purchase goods, solicit sales, or conduct business. Do not communicate any credit card number, bank account number, or any other financial information.
- Electronic mail is not guaranteed to be private. People who operate the system have access to all mail. Inappropriate messages can result in suspension of privileges.
- Users will not violate copyright laws. This includes copying and forwarding, copying and downloading, or copying and uploading to the network or Internet server any copyrighted material without approval by the computer system operator or other school administrator. Copyrighted material is anything written by someone else. It could be an e-mail, message, a game, a story, or software. Do not plagiarize others' work.
- Vandalism – any malicious attempt to harm or destroy data or another user will not be tolerated. Any questionable action will result in cancellation of user privileges.
- Users will not infiltrate or “hack” outside computing systems or networks. Users will not disrupt the system or interfere with another's ability to use that system. Nor will users do any of these things to the District's computer system.

Warranties/Indemnification

The District makes no warranties of any kind, express or implied, in connection with its provision of access to and use of its computer networks and the Internet provided under this policy. The District is not responsible for any information that may be lost, damaged, or unavailable when using the network or for any information that is retrieved or transmitted via the Internet. The District will not be responsible for any unauthorized charges or fees resulting from access to the Internet. Any user is fully responsible to the District and will indemnify and hold the District, its trustees, administrators, teachers, and staff harmless from any and all loss, costs, claims, or damages resulting from such user's access to its computer network and the Internet, including, but not limited to, any fees or charges incurred through purchase of goods or services by a user. The District expects a user or, if a user is a minor, a user's parents or legal guardian to cooperate with the District in the event of its initiating an investigation of a user's use of access to its computer network and the Internet.

Violations

Violation of District policy and rules will result in loss of access to the District computer system. The District reserves the right to adjust disciplinary actions based on the seriousness of the offense. Refer to the student handbook and policy for disciplinary procedures.

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on:

**INTERNET ACCESS CONDUCT AGREEMENT**

*Every student, regardless of age, must read and sign below:*

I have read, understand, and agree to abide by the terms of the Malta School District's policy regarding District-Provided Access to Electronic Information, Services, and Networks (Policy No. 3612). Should I commit any violation or in any way misuse my access to the District's computer network and/or the Internet, I understand and agree that my access privilege may be revoked and school disciplinary action may be taken against me.

User's Name (Print): \_\_\_\_\_ Home Phone: \_\_\_\_\_  
User's Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Status: Student \_\_\_\_ Staff \_\_\_\_ Patron \_\_\_\_ I am 18 or older \_\_\_\_ I am under 18 \_\_\_\_

If I am signing this policy when I am under 18, I understand that when I turn 18, this policy will continue to be in full force and effect and agree to abide by this policy.

Parent or Legal Guardian. (If applicant is under 18 years of age, a parent/legal guardian must also read and sign this agreement.) As the parent or legal guardian of the above-named student, I have read, understand, and agree that my child shall comply with the terms of the District's policy regarding District-Provided Access to Electronic Information, Services, and Networks for the student's access to the District's computer network and/or the Internet. I understand that access is being provided to the students for educational purposes only. However, I also understand that it is impossible for the school to restrict access to all offensive and controversial materials and understand my child's responsibility for abiding by the policy. I am, therefore, signing this Agreement and agree to indemnify and hold harmless the District, the Trustees, Administrators, teachers, and other staff against all claims, damages, losses, and costs, of whatever kind, that may result from my child's use of or access to such networks or his/her violation of the District's policy. Further, I accept full responsibility for supervision of my child's use of his/her access account if and when such access is not in the school setting. I hereby give my child permission to use the building-approved account to access the District's computer network and the Internet.

Parent/Legal Guardian (Print): \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Home Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

This Agreement is valid for the \_\_\_\_\_ school year only.

**STUDENTS**

All use of electronic networks shall be consistent with the District's goal of promoting educational excellence by facilitating resource sharing, innovation, and communication. These procedures do not attempt to state all required or proscribed behaviors by users. However, some specific examples are provided. The failure of any user to follow these procedures will result in the loss of privileges, disciplinary action, and/or appropriate legal action.

Terms and Conditions

1. Acceptable Use – Access to the District's electronic networks must be: (a) for the purpose of education or research and consistent with the educational objectives of the District; or (b) for legitimate business use.
2. Privileges – The use of the District's electronic networks is a privilege, not a right, and inappropriate use will result in cancellation of those privileges. The system administrator (and/or building principal) will make all decisions regarding whether or not a user has violated these procedures and may deny, revoke, or suspend access at any time. That decision is final.
3. Unacceptable Use – The user is responsible for his or her actions and activities involving the network. Some examples of unacceptable uses are:
  - a. Using the network for any illegal activity, including violation of copyright or other contracts, or transmitting any material in violation of any federal or state law;
  - b. Unauthorized downloading of software, regardless of whether it is copyrighted or devirused;
  - c. Downloading copyrighted material for other than personal use;
  - d. Using the network for private financial or commercial gain;
  - e. Wastefully using resources, such as file space;
  - f. Hacking or gaining unauthorized access to files, resources, or entities;
  - g. Invading the privacy of individuals, which includes the unauthorized disclosure, dissemination, and use of information of a personal nature about anyone;
  - h. Using another user's account or password;

- i. Posting material authored or created by another, without his/her consent;
  - j. Posting anonymous messages;
  - k. Using the network for commercial or private advertising;
  - l. Accessing, submitting, posting, publishing, or displaying any defamatory, inaccurate, abusive, obscene, profane, sexually oriented, threatening, racially offensive, harassing, or illegal material; and
  - m. Using the network while access privileges are suspended or revoked.
4. Network Etiquette – The user is expected to abide by the generally accepted rules of network etiquette. These include but are not limited to the following:
- a. Be polite. Do not become abusive in messages to others.
  - b. Use appropriate language. Do not swear or use vulgarities or any other inappropriate language.
  - c. Do not reveal personal information, including the addresses or telephone numbers, of students or colleagues.
  - d. Recognize that electronic mail (e-mail) is not private. People who operate the system have access to all mail. Messages relating to or in support of illegal activities may be reported to the authorities.
  - e. Do not use the network in any way that would disrupt its use by other users.
  - f. Consider all communications and information accessible via the network to be private property.
5. No Warranties – The District makes no warranties of any kind, whether expressed or implied, for the service it is providing. The District will not be responsible for any damages the user suffers. This includes loss of data resulting from delays, non-deliveries, missed deliveries, or service interruptions caused by its negligence or the user's errors or omissions. Use of any information obtained via the Internet is at the user's own risk. The District specifically denies any responsibility for the accuracy or quality of information obtained through its services.
6. Indemnification – The user agrees to indemnify the District for any losses, costs, or damages, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred by the District, relating to or arising out of any violation of these procedures.

7. Security – Network security is a high priority. If the user can identify a security problem on the Internet, the user must notify the system administrator or building principal. Do not demonstrate the problem to other users. Keep your account and password confidential. Do not use another individual’s account without written permission from that individual. Attempts to log on to the Internet as a system administrator will result in cancellation of user privileges. Any user identified as a security risk may be denied access to the network.
8. Vandalism – Vandalism will result in cancellation of privileges, and other disciplinary action. Vandalism is defined as any malicious attempt to harm or destroy data of another user, the Internet, or any other network. This includes but is not limited to uploading or creation of computer viruses.
9. Telephone Charges – The District assumes no responsibility for any unauthorized charges or fees, including telephone charges, long-distance charges, per-minute surcharges, and/ or equipment or line costs.
10. Copyright Web Publishing Rules – Copyright law and District policy prohibit the republishing of text or graphics found on the Web or on District Websites or file servers, without explicit written permission.
  - a. For each republication (on a Website or file server) of a graphic or text file that was produced externally, there must be a notice at the bottom of the page crediting the original producer and noting how and when permission was granted. If possible, the notice should also include the Web address of the original source.
  - b. Students and staff engaged in producing Web pages must provide library media specialists with e-mail or hard copy permissions before the Web pages are published. Printed evidence of the status of “public domain” documents must be provided.
  - c. The absence of a copyright notice may not be interpreted as permission to copy the materials. Only the copyright owner may provide the permission. The manager of the Website displaying the material may not be considered a source of permission.
  - d. The “fair use” rules governing student reports in classrooms are less stringent and permit limited use of graphics and text.
  - e. Student work may only be published if there is written permission from both the parent/guardian and the student.

11. Use of Electronic Mail.

- a. The District's electronic mail system and its constituent software, hardware, and data files are owned and controlled by the District. The District provides e-mail to aid students and staff members in fulfilling their duties and responsibilities and as an education tool.
- b. The District reserves the right to access and disclose the contents of any account on its system without prior notice or permission from the account's user. Unauthorized access by any student or staff member to an electronic mail account is strictly prohibited.
- c. Each person should use the same degree of care in drafting an electronic mail message as would be put into a written memorandum or document. Nothing should be transmitted in an e-mail message that would be inappropriate in a letter or memorandum.
- d. Electronic messages transmitted via the District's Internet gateway carry with them an identification of the user's Internet "domain." This domain name is a registered domain name and identifies the author as being with the District. Great care should be taken, therefore, in the composition of such messages and how such messages might reflect on the name and reputation of this District. Users will be held personally responsible for the content of any and all electronic mail messages transmitted to external recipients.
- e. Any message received from an unknown sender via the Internet should either be immediately deleted or forwarded to the system administrator. Downloading any file attached to any Internet-based message is prohibited, unless the user is certain of that message's authenticity and the nature of the file so transmitted.
- f. Use of the District's electronic mail system constitutes consent to these regulations.

Internet Safety

1. Internet access is limited to only those "acceptable uses," as detailed in these procedures. Internet safety is almost assured if users will not engage in "unacceptable uses," as detailed in these procedures, and will otherwise follow these procedures.
2. Staff members shall supervise students while students are using District Internet access, to ensure that the students abide by the Terms and Conditions for Internet access, as

contained in these procedures.

3. Each District computer with Internet access has a filtering device that blocks entry to visual depictions that are: (1) obscene; (2) pornographic; or (3) harmful or inappropriate for students, as defined by the Children's Internet Protection Act and determined by the Superintendent or designee.
4. The district shall provide age-appropriate instruction to students regarding appropriate online behavior. Such instruction shall include, but not be limited to: positive interactions with others online, including on social networking sites and in chat rooms; proper online social etiquette; protection from online predators and personal safety; and how to recognize and respond to cyberbullying and other threats.
5. The system administrator and building principals shall monitor student Internet access.

Legal Reference: Children's Internet Protection Act, P.L. 106-554  
Broadband Data Services Improvement Act/Protecting Children in  
the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act of 2008 (P.L. 110-385)  
20 U.S.C. § 6801, et seq. Language instruction for limited English  
proficient and immigrant students  
47 U.S.C. § 254(h) and (l) Universal service

Procedure History:

Promulgated on: August 2, 2012

Reviewed on:

Revised: August 8, 2012

Cell Phones and Other Electronic Equipment

Student possession and use of cellular phones, pagers, and other electronic signaling devices on school grounds, at school-sponsored activities, and while under the supervision and control of school district employees is a privilege which will be permitted only under the circumstances described herein. At no time will any student operate a cell phone or other electronic device with video capabilities in a locker room, bathroom, or other location where such operation may violate the privacy right of another person.

Students may use cellular phones, pagers, and other electronic signaling devices on campus before school begins and after school ends. Students in grades 9-12 may also use such devices during the lunch period. These devices must be kept out of sight and turned off during the instructional day. Unauthorized use of such devices disrupts the instructional program and distracts from the learning environment. Therefore, unauthorized use is grounds for confiscation of the device by school officials, including classroom teachers. Confiscated devices will be returned to the parent or guardian. Repeated unauthorized use of such devices will result in disciplinary action.

Policy History:

Adopted on: August 2, 2005

Revised on: